Goldwyn Ashford - Maths Subject Statement and Long Term Plan



Maths – Statement of Intent

"Do not worry about your difficulties in mathematics. I can assure you mine are still greater." - Albert Einstein

Mathematics is a fundamental creative discipline that helps us to understand and change the world. We want all pupils at Goldwyn School to experience the beauty, power and enjoyment of mathematics and develop a sense of curiosity about the subject with a clear understanding.

At Goldwyn Ashford we foster positive 'can do' attitudes and we promote the fact that 'We can all do maths!' We believe that, if given the appropriate learning experiences within and beyond the classroom, every child can achieve in mathematics. Our intention is to prepare students to become confident, numerate individuals who are able to deal with all aspects of mathematics in their chosen career and in all aspects of their adult life.

Our Aims are for student to:

- Become **fluent** in the fundamentals of mathematics, including through varied and frequent practice with increasingly complex problems over time, so that pupils develop conceptual understanding and the ability to recall and apply knowledge rapidly and accurately.
- **Reason** mathematically by following a line of enquiry, conjecturing relationships and generalisations, and developing an argument, justification or proof using mathematical language.
- Be able to **solve problems** by applying their mathematics to a variety of routine and non-routine problems with increasing sophistication, including breaking down problems into a series of simpler steps and persevering in seeking solutions.

The maths curriculum has been developed so that it incorporates our school vision, which aims to empower all students to flourish and become the very best version of themselves, regardless of background, ability and additional needs. Research shows that by incorporating a curriculum which 'builds confidence and nurtures fluency', vital building blocks are laid which will help with student's success and enjoyment of maths. The students will develop a key understanding of the different strands of Mathematics, using a mixture of interactive materials offered by *Pearson ActiveLearn* and *MyMaths*, as well as manipulatives and written tasks.

In Key Stage 3 students will follow a bespoke programme of study. We have sequenced concepts and methods so that previously learnt ideas can be connected to new learning, supporting students in understanding the coherent and connected nature of the subject, and ensuring they consolidate learning by continually using and applying it in a variety of contexts. Our curriculum map is sequenced with fewer topics each week, term or year, putting depth before breadth. We find that spending longer on each topic enables pupils to really think and talk about the

mathematics they are learning. Our programme of study also enables students to revisit areas of mathematics each year, but with an increased complexity so that they can build on the knowledge they already obtained.

In Key Stage 4, students will continue to build on and develop the skills and knowledge obtained during Key Stage 3 and develop them further. They will prepare for Edexcel Mathematics GCSE and Functional Skills Level 1 and 2 qualifications.

The Programme of study incorporates elements that:

- Have the same unique mastery approach and unit structure with in-built differentiation as our *Edexcel GCSE (9-1) Mathematics* course.
- Are developed to help build confidence in mathematics and prepare students for GCSE.
- Cater for all attainment levels with differentiated exercises.
- Focus on problem-solving and mathematical reasoning skills while providing plenty of extra practice on every topic.

Examinations

It is our intention at Goldwyn School that all students will have the opportunity to gain a number of qualifications in Maths, including a GCSE in Maths at the end of Year 11. We are aware that some pupils who would not be able to access the full Maths GCSE content. Where this is the case students will be given the opportunity to work towards Entry Level Certificate in Maths (Level 1, 2 or 3), Level 1 Functional Skills in Maths, Level 2 Functional Skills in Maths or a combination of these qualifications. Additionally, we are aware there are pupils that could access both, and again they will be given the opportunity to do so. The accreditations we use can be used interchangeably allowing us the flexibility to be able to move pupils between pathways if they begin to excel, or even struggle. We do not cap learning and therefore will make group changes where it will work best for the pupil.

Maths Department: Long Term Plan

At Goldwyn Ashford the students are provided with a rewarding and enjoyable experience of mathematics. Our intention is to prepare students to become confident, numerate individuals who are able to deal with all aspects of mathematics in their chosen career and in all aspects of their adult life. In Key Stage 3, students will follow a scheme of work developed by Pearson that encourages learners to develop as mathematical thinkers and which will encompass maths across a number of different media. In Key Stage 4, students at Goldwyn Ashford have the potential to gain a number of qualifications while at the school. They will begin by working towards gaining Level 1 Functional Skills in Maths, before working towards a Maths GCSE and potentially also Level 2 Functional Skills in Maths.

Term	1	2	3	4	5	6
Year 7	At Goldwyn Ashford,	In Term 2, pupils begin	The first half of Term 3 will	Term 4 will begin with	Pupils will begin	Year 7 will begin their
	Key Stage 3 students	to learn about some of	be spent developing the	the completion of the '2D	Term 5 with 'Graphs'	final term working with
	will follow the 'KS3	the foundation aspects	Number Skills they	shape unit. Afterwards,	unit where they will	different measures and
	Maths Progress' scheme	of Algebra, which will	acquired in Term1 further.	pupils will begin a unit	use the data handling	develop the skill of
	set up by Pearson	give them a good	This unit will focus on	exploring angles. They	and algebra skills	making an estimate
	ActiveLearn.	understanding of the	written methods for	will build on the	developed	before attempting any
	Throughout the first	need of Algebra in	multiplication and division.	knowledge acquired in	throughout Term 2 to	questions in
	term students will	Maths. After this, Year	We will then begin to	KS2 by identifying	learn about different	mathematics. They will
	develop their number	7 will build on their	introduce Common	different types of lines,	types of graphs and	revise all the written
	skills using all four	Data Handling	Factors and Multiples and	drawing and measuring	how they can be	methods for calculating
	operations. This will give	knowledge from KS2.	Prime Numbers. After this	angles to greater degrees	created algebraically.	using decimal numbers.
	them a solid foundation	They will recap	the students will begin a	of accuracy.		Finally, Year 7 will
	which will help them	displaying and	unit on 2D shapes where		Graphs	conclude the year by
	develop other skills as	interpreting data and	they will learn about the	Measuring and Shapes		using the drawing,
	they progress through	begin to explore	different properties of 2D	Key Learning:	Key Learning	measuring and
	the scheme. After this	averages.	shapes and then start	Area	Real Life Graphs	geometry skills
	Year 7 will apply the		applying their calculating	Perimeter	Coordinates	developed throughout
	number skills acquired	Expressions, Functions	and algebra skill in the		Graphs of Functions	the year to learn about
	in the 'Calculating' unit	& Formulae	context of perimeter	Angles and Lines	Assessment	the different types of
	to deal with Fractions		and/or area.			transformation. They
	and Percentages.	Key Learning;		Key Learning:	Measuring and	will continue to learn
		Using Functions	Factors and Multiples	Right angles and lines		new geometrical terms

	Calculating	Function Machines	Key Learning;	Measuring angles 1	Shapes	and apply these to a set of instructions where
	Wassi a amata a	Simplifying Expressions		Measuring angles 2	Mary Language	
	Key Learning;	Writing Expressions	Number Rules and	Drawing and estimating	Key Learning	they will have to move
	Adding	Using Formulae	Relationships	angles	Shapes	shapes in a specific
	Subtracting	Writing Formulae	Multiplication	Putting angles together	Symmetry in Shapes	manner.
	Multiplying and	Assessment	Division		More Symmetry	
	Dividing by 10, 100,		Solving Problems		Perimeter	Decimals and Measures
	1000	Analysing & Displaying	Multiples		Area	
	Multiplying	Data	Factors and Primes		Assessment	Key Learning
	Dividing		Common Factors and			Decimal Numbers
	Using the Four	Key Learning;	Multiples			Metric Units
	Operations	Tables and Pictograms	Assessment			Adding and Subtracting
	Positive and Negative	Bar Charts				Decimals
	Numbers	Grouped Data	Measuring and Shapes			Rounding
	Assessment	Mode and Modal Class				Multiplying and
		Range and Median	Key Learning;			Dividing Decimals
	Fractions, Decimals &	Mean	Shapes			
	Percentages	Assessment	Symmetry in Shapes			Transformations
	Key Learning;		More Symmetry			
	Comparing Fractions		, ,			Key Learning
	Equivalent Fractions					Reflection
	Calculating with					Translation
	Fractions					Rotation
	Adding and Subtracting					Congruency
	Fractions Introducing					Assessment
	Percentages					Assessment
	Finding Percentages					
	Assessment					
Year 8	At the beginning of Year	In Term 2, Year 8 pupils	In term 3 the pupils will	At the beginning of term	Students will spend	Year 8 will conclude the
	8 students at Goldwyn	will spend some time	begin by looking at angles,	4, pupils will complete a	Term 5 working with	year by being
	Ashford will complete a	experiencing algebraic	where they will continue	number skills unit which	fractions and	introduced to
	number skills unit where	challenges where they	to develop their drawing	will take the skills	percentages.	'Probability'. Learning
	they will develop further	will be expected to use	and measuring skills as	acquired so far and	Building on previous	about the different
	the number skills they	prior knowledge	well as learn the	develop them further.	learning by knowing	terminology used and
	have acquired in Year 7	gained in year 7 as well	properties that angles	They will start being	that the skills	applying the skills from
	and start applying these	as being introduced to	possess. They will learn to	introduced to Prime	developed in Year 7	the work on fractions,

to more varied exercises which gradually prepares for them for the GCSE course they will begin in Year 10. They will then build on their geometry knowledge by focusing on 3D Shapes. In this unit the children will begin to calculate the volume and surface areas of cubes and cuboids.

Number Properties and Calculations

Key Learning:

Adding and Subtracting with Larger Numbers
More Calculations
Negative Numbers
Writing Ratios
Using Ratios to Solve
Problems
Multiplication
Reasoning
Assessment

Shapes and Measure in 3D

Key Learning:

3D solids Nets of 3D solids new skills and terminology. After this the students will build on the skills they develop in the Decimal and Measure unit in Year 7 where they will continue to develop their number skills and become more confident working with decimals calculations.

Expressions & Equations

Key Learning:

Simplifying Expressions Functions Solving Equations Using Brackets Assessment

Decimals Calculations

Key Learning;

decimals
Multiplying decimals
Ordering and rounding
decimals
STEM: Problem-solving
with decimals
Assessment

Adding and subtracting

recognise vertically opposite angles, angles in a triangle and finally use these skills to draw triangles and nets. Year 8 will conclude Term 3 revisiting statistics skills by interpreting data from graphs, including compound bar charts and pie charts, as well as learning how to draw their own types of graphs, which will require skills acquired throughout the this term.

Angles

Key Learning:

Measuring and drawing angles Vertically opposite angles Angles in triangles Drawing triangles accurately Designing nets Assessment

Expressions & Equations

Key Learning:

Statistics
Data Collection Sheets
Interpreting Bar Charts
Drawing Bar Charts

Factor Decomposition and other scenarios which are similar to those that they will meet during the GCSE course. The students will then start looking at number sequences and learn how to create sequences algebraically, learning to distinguish between 'geometric' and 'arithmetic' sequences. They will be introduced to 'nth term' and learn how sequences can be generated from this.

Number Properties

Key Learning:

Squares, cubes and roots
Calculating with brackets
and indices
LCM and HCF
Prime factor
decomposition
Assessment

Sequences

Key Learning:

Generating sequences Extending sequences Special sequences and 8 can be applied as each form has a fractional, decimal or percentage equivalent.

Fractions and Percentages

Key Learning:

Comparing fractions
Fractions of amounts
Adding and
subtracting fractions
Fractions and
percentages
Calculating
percentages
STEM: Percentages
and proportion
Assessment

decimals and percentages to determine the likelihood of an event from happening.

Probability

Key Learning:

The language of probability
Outcomes
Probability calculations
Experimental probability
FINANCE: Comparing probabilities
Assessment

Consolidation and Revision

End of Year Test

	Surface area Volume Working with measures Assessment		Pie Charts Assessment	Position-to-term rules Finding the nth term Assessment		
Year 9	Year 9 will begin the year with a number calculations unit which will take the skills acquired throughout all of Year 7 and 8 and develop them further. This unit will then be followed by a Sequences and Equations Unit. They will develop their algebraic knowledge further and start being introduced more and more to scenarios which are similar to those that they will meet during the GCSE course. Number Calculations Key Learning: Adding and subtracting Multiplying Dividing Multiplying and dividing	In Term 2, Year 9 will be exploring some of the key topic that they will need for their Functional Skills and GCSE courses. They will begin by revisiting Statistics. Building on the work they completed in Year 7 and 8, they will learn how to find averages from tables, compare data and recognise misleading data. The students will learn how to draw scatter diagrams and begin to understand different correlations. After this, Year 9 will then start looking at Fractions, Decimals and Percentages. In this unit they will develop their skills in	Year 9 will begin Term 3 by learning about Geometry in 2D and 3D Shapes. They will develop their knowledge of angles acquired in Year 7 and 8 to be able to recognise alternate and corresponding angles. They will learn to Bisect lines and angles. Finally, they will be introduced to Pythagoras' Theorem. After this Year 9 will develop their algebraic graphs skills to be able to plot straight line graphs and use real life graphs such as Distance - Time Graphs. They will learn how to plot algebraic graphs as wells identifying midpoints and intercepts. Geometry in 2D and 3D Shapes	Year 9 will spend the first half of Term 4 completing the 'Algebraic and Real-Life Graphs Unit. In the second half of Term 4 will see Year 9 begin working with Ratios and Proportion, where they will learn about dividing into a ratio and using proportions to solve real life problems for example scaling a recipe up or down. Students will also begin to explore conversion graphs. Algebraic and Real-Life Graphs Key Learning: Midpoints Intercepts and gradients Assessment Multiplicative Reasoning	In Term 5, Year 9 will be learning about Algebraic and Geometric Formula, where they will learn to apply the formulas required to work out an areas and volumes of shapes, including circles - key skills required in GSCE and Functional Skills. Algebraic and Geometric Formulae Key Learning; Substituting into formulae More complex formulae Formulae in geometry Compound shapes Circles Assessment	Year 9 will conclude the year by completing the 'Angles' unit and then progressing to working with probability. Learning about the different terminology used and applying the skills from the work on fractions, decimals and percentages to determine the likelihood of an event from happening. Polygons and Transformations Key Learning: Quadrilaterals Triangles Transformations Enlargement Congruent shapes Assessment Probability
	negative numbers	calculating with				Key Learning
	Squares, cubes and	fractions, including	Key Learning:	Key Learning;		Probability experiments
	roots	multiplying and	Angles	STEM: Using ratios		Sample space diagrams

	More powers	dividing fractions, and	Maps and scales	Using proportions		MODELLING: Two-way
	Calculations	learn how to calculate	Constructions	Problem-solving with		tables
				_		
	Assessment	percentage change.	3D solids	proportions		Tree diagrams
		a	MODELLING: Pythagoras'	Measures and		Assessment
	Sequences and	Statistic	theorem	conversions		
	Equations		Assessment	Assessment		
		Key Learning;				
	Key Learning:	Planning a survey	Algebraic and Real-Life			
	Algebraic expressions	Statistics from tables	Graphs			
	Using the nth term	Comparing data				
	Finding the nth term	Tables	Key Learning:			
	Solving equations	Pie charts and scatter	Reading graphs			
	Assessment	graphs	Plotting graphs			
		FINANCE: Misleading	Distance-time graphs			
		graphs				
		Writing a report				
		Assessment				
		Fractions, Decimals				
		and Percentages				
		Key Learning;				
		Equivalent proportions				
		Recurring decimals				
		Adding and subtracting				
		fractions				
		Multiplying fractions				
		Dividing fractions				
		Comparing proportions				
		FINANCE: Percentage				
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Year 10	At the beginning of Year	Term 2 will see Year 10	In Term 3, Year 10 will	At the beginning of Term	In Term 5, Year 10	Year 10 will complete
(Set A)	10 pupils will begin the	to continue working	continue working through	4, Year 10 will continue	will continue working	the year by continuing
	first qualification that	through the Functional	the Functional Skills	working on their exam	through the Algebra	to work through the
	they can gain in Maths.	Skills course, where	course, where they will	techniques and will have	section of the GCSE	Geometry component
	They will follow the	they will recap over	finish off learning about	their first attempt at	course, where they	of the course. They will

Edexcel Functional Skills Level 1 in Maths course, where they will firstly recap number skills developed throughout the whole of KS3 and then use these skills in real life scenarios as well as in exam style questions that may be presented in a piece of text

Functional Skills Level 1 (Number)

Key Learning

Numbers

The Number Line and

Scales

Addition and

Subtraction

Multiplication and

Division

Checking Your Answers

Multiplying and Dividing

by 10, 100, 1000

Squares Numbers

Order of Operation

Fractions

Decimals

Rounding

Percentages

Fractions, Decimals and

Percentages

Ratios.

skills developed in geometry but again delivered in real life scenarios, exam style questions or imbedded within text.

Functional Skills Level 1 (Measure, Shape & Space)

Key Learning

Formulas in Words

Money Length

Weight

Capacity

Time Length and Perimeter

Area Volume

2D Shapes

Nets. Plans and Elevation

Angles and Bearings

scales used in map drawings. They will then progress on to learning about statistics and how they can apply to real life scenarios, where they will interpret graphs, work out averages and probability. Year 10 will then finish the term by beginning to prepare themselves for their Functional Skills exam that they will sit in the following term.

Functional Skills Level 1 (Measure, Shape & Space)

Key Learning

Maps and Map Scale Functional Skills Level 1

(Data Handling) Key Learning;

Tables

Charts and Graphs

Pie Charts

Drawing Charts, Graphs and Pie Charts

Grouped Data

Mean and Range

Probability

Functional Skills Level 1

(Catch Up)

Key Learning;

Chance to catch up, complete or spend extra

completing an official **Edexcel Functional Skills** exam halfway through the term. Afterwards Year 10 will then start working exclusively on the GCSE Maths course, where they will begin developing their Algebra skills.

GSCE (Algebra)

Key Learning

Simplifying Multiplying out Brackets **Factorising**

Solving Equations

will develop previously taught skills as well as being introduced to new elements of Algebra. At the end of Term 5. Year 10 will then start working through the Geometry aspect of the course where they will recap over basic characteristics of 2D shapes.

GCSE (Algebra)

Key Learning Expressions,

Formulas and **Functions** Formulas and **Equations from** Words Formulas and **Equations from Diagrams** Rearranging **Formulas**

Sequences

Inequalities

Simultaneous

Equations GCSE (Shape and Area)

initially learn about the different transformations that can be made using shapes and the terminology used to express the transformation. Afterwards Year 10 will then learn about a shapes perimeter and area, before using this skill to work out a 3D shapes surface area.

GCSE (Shape and Area)

Key Learning

Translations Rotations Reflections **Enlargements** Perimeter and Area Perimeter and Area -Circles 3D Shapes - Surface Area

			time on confusing topics Functional Skills Level 1 (Exam Prep) Key Learning; Practice Paper		Key Learning Properties of 2D Shapes Congruent Shapes Similar Shapes	
			,		Pythagoras' Theorem	
Year 10 (Set B)	Functional Skills Level 1 Revision and Exam Practice	Functional Skills Level 2/GCSE:	Functional Skills Level 2/GCSE:	Functional Skills Level 2/GCSE:	Functional Skills Level 2/GCSE:	Functional Skills Level 2 Exam (first opportunity)
		NUMBER (continued)	MEASURES/SHAPE/SPACE	MEASURES/SHAPE/SPACE	HANDLING DATA	"
	Pupils revise Level 1	, ,	In this set of lessons,	(continued)	In this set of lessons,	GCSE EXTRA: NUMBER
	topics and practise for	Key Learning	pupils develop their ability		pupils develop their	In this set of lessons,
	the exam.	(8) Order, approximate	to use measures and work	Key Learning	ability to handle	pupils develop their
		and compare decimals;	with shape and space.	(17a) Use formulae to	information and	understanding and use
	Key Learning	(7) Order, add,		find surface areas of 3-D	data.	of number to include
	Using numbers and the	subtract and compare	Key Learning	shapes including		topics covered at
	number system – whole	amounts or quantities	(13) Calculate amounts of	cylinders;	Key Learning	Foundation GCSE that
	numbers, fractions,	using proper and	money, compound	(21) Draw 3-D shapes to	(23) Calculate the	are not in the L2
	decimals and	improper fractions and	interest, percentage	include plans and	median and mode of	Functional Skills
	percentages;	mixed numbers;	increases, decreases and	elevations	a set of quantities;	syllabus.
	Using common	(9) Order, approximate	discounts including tax	(17b) Use formulae to	(25) Use the mean,	
	measures, shape and	and compare decimals;	and simple budgeting;	find volumes of 3-D	median, mode and	Key Learning
	space;	(10) Add, subtract,	(14) Convert between	shapes including	range to compare	Use index notation with
	Handling information	multiply and divide	metric and imperial units	cylinders;	two sets of data;	positive indices;
	and data.	decimals up to three	of length, weight and	(18) Calculate actual	(24) Estimate the	Understand that a
		decimal places;	capacity using a) a	dimensions from scale	mean of a grouped	number to the power of
	Functional Skills Level 1	(5) Work out	conversion factor and b) a	drawings and create a	frequency	zero is always 1;
	Exam (first opportunity)	percentages of	conversion graph;	scale diagram given	distribution from	Multiply and divide with
		amounts and express	(15) Calculate using	actual measurements;	discrete data;	indices;
	Functional Skills Level	one amount as a	compound measures	(19) Use coordinates in 2-	(27) Express	Use a calculator for
	2/GCSE: NUMBER	percentage of another;	including speed, density	D, positive and negative,	probabilities as	squares, roots, cubes,
	In this set of lessons,	(6) Calculate	and rates of pay;	to specify the positions of	fractions, decimals	powers.
	pupils develop their	percentage change	(16) Calculate perimeters	points;	and percentages;	Use index notation with
	ability to use numbers	(any size increase and	and areas of 2-D shapes	(22) Calculate values of	(26) Work out the	negative indices, indices
	and the number system	decrease), and original	including triangles and	angles and/or	probability of	with brackets or
	– whole numbers,	value after percentage	circles and composite	coordinates with 2-D and	combined events	fractions;

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fractions, decimals and	change;	shapes including non-	3-D shapes.	including the use of	Make estimates for
percentages.	(4) Identify and know	rectangular shapes		diagrams and tables,	calculations by
	the equivalence	(formulae given except for		including two-way	rounding to 1sf;
Key Learning	between fractions,	triangles and circles);		tables;	Find and recognise
(1) Read, write, order	decimals and	(20) Understand and use		(28) Draw and	factors and multiples of
and compare positive	percentages;	common 2-D		interpret scatter	numbers;
and negative numbers	(11) Understand and	representations of 3-D		diagrams and	Identify prime numbers;
of any size:	calculate using ratios,	objects;		recognise positive	Express numbers as
(2) Carry out	direct proportion and			and negative	products of prime
calculations with	inverse proportion;			correlation.	factors;
numbers up to one	(3) Evaluate				Find the HCF and LCM
million including	expressions and make			Functional Skills Level	of 2 numbers;
strategies to check	substitutions in given			2 Revision and Exam	Write large and small
answers including	formulae in words and			Practice	numbers in standard
estimation and	symbols.			Pupils revise Level 2	form;
approximation:				topics and practise	Use a calculator for
(12) Follow the order of				for the exam.	standard form.
precedence of				Tor the exami	Starradia rommi
operators, including					GCSE EXTRA: ALGEBRA
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numbers.					syllabus.
					Key Learning
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indices; (8) Express one number as a fraction of another; (7) Order, add, subtract and compare amounts or quantities using proper and improper fractions and mixed numbers.					In this set of lessons, pupils develop their understanding and use of algebra to include topics covered at Foundation GCSE that are not in the L2 Functional Skills syllabus. Key Learning Simplify expressions (X, divide) Multiply and divide algebraic indices; Expand expressions with single brackets

Year 11 (Set A)	Year 11 will begin their final year at Goldwyn Ashford by completing the Geometry component of the GCSE course, where they will learn about constructing shapes using different means and algebra. This will be followed with Year 11 beginning the statistics component, where they will use the skills developed through the Functional Skills course to interpret and draw charts/graphs. GCSE (Geometry & Measure) Key Learning Bearings Map and Scale Drawings Loci and Construction Similarity and	In Term 2, Year 11 will continue working through the statistics component of the course, where they will learn about new ways of displaying data, generating averages and also working out the probability of an event/events happening. GCSE (Probability & Statistics) Key Learning Pie Charts Averages Averages from tables Line Graphs Stem and leaf Diagrams Sampling Stratified Sampling Comparing Data	Year 11 will complete the statistics component of the course in Term 3, where they will continue to learn about different ways of expressing an events probability. After completing this component, they will go back to the algebra component of the course, where they will gradually be exposed to more complex elements of the course that will require them to manipulate formulas and equations with a multi-step approach. GCSE (Probability & Statistics) Key Learning Venn Diagrams Independent Events	Term 4 will see Year 11 being taught the last few elements of the GCSE Foundation course. This will consist of the higher- level work which will also appear in the Higher course and will test the pupils understanding of Algebra. Towards the end of the term, Year 11 will then have an opportunity to recap any work which they feel they still do not fully understand and have a tailored curriculum to meet these needs. GCSE (Algebra) Key Learning Simultaneous Equations Rearranging Formulas Using Algebra	Year 11 will begin Term 5 continuing to prepare themselves for their GCSE exams. They will experience exam style scenarios to help them understand the need for time management, develop exam skills and understand how to set out their answers to gain maximum marks. GCSE (Exam Prep) Key Learning Review Old Exam Papers Exam Skills Exam Practice	(and simplify); Factorise linear expressions; Solve linear equations with 1 or 2 steps (letters only 1 side). In Term 6 Year 11 will continue preparing themselves for their GCSE exams, where they will continue to be given exam style scenarios and techniques on how to handle and/or understand what is expected of them. GCSE (Exam Prep) Key Learning Review Old Exam Papers Exam Skills Exam Practice
	Congruence Vectors	Probability Relative Frequency	Problem Solving	GCSE (Exam Prep)		
	Trigonometry	The and/or Rule Frequency and	GCSE (Algebra)	Key Learning Review Old Exam Papers		

	GCSE (Probability &	Outcomes	Key Learning	Exam Skills		
	Statistics)	o decomes	Rates of Change	Exam Practice		
			Expanding Double			
	Key Learning		Brackets			
	Two-way Tables		Factorising Quadratics			
	Pictograms		Factorising Quadratics			
	Bar Charts		Quadratic Equation			
	Scatter Graphs		Quadratic Graphs			
	Pie Charts		Cubic and Reciprocal			
	The enaits		Graphs			
			Simultaneous Equations			
Year 11	GCSE EXTRA: Algebra	GCSE EXTRA:	GCSE EXTRA: Geometry &	GCSE Revision and exam	GCSE Revision and	GCSE (Exam Prep)
(Set B)	(continued)	Geometry & measures	measures (continued)	practice	Exam Practice	(
(3332)	(P. S. S. S.	(continued)	Key Learning
	In this set of lessons,	In this set of lessons,	Key Learning	Pupils tackle past papers	(construct)	Review Old Exam
	pupils develop their	pupils develop their	Construct 60 degree and	and revise topics as the	Pupils tackle past	Papers
	understanding and use	understanding and use	45 degree angles;	need arises, either on an	papers and revise	Exam Skills
	of algebra to include	of geometry and	Draw the locus of points	individual basis or as a	topics as the need	Exam Practice
	topics covered at	measures to include	(lines or regions) using	whole class. Most lessons	arises, either on an	
	Foundation GCSE that	topics covered at	compasses;	will include a warmup on	individual basis or as	
	are not in the L2	Foundation GCSE that	Find bearings and back-	a revision topic.	a whole class. Most	
	Functional Skills	are not in the L2	bearings;		lessons will include a	
	syllabus.	Functional Skills	Use bearings and map		warmup on a revision	
	'	syllabus.	scales to solve problems;		topic.	
	Key Learning	,	Calculate the perimeter			
	Show and recognise	Key Learning	and area of sectors of			
	inequalities on number	Name and identify	circles;			
	lines;	properties of	Use formulae to calculate			
	Find upper and lower	quadrilaterals, using	the volumes of cones,			
	bounds and use	appropriate	cylinders, spheres and			
	inequalities to express	vocabulary;	combinations of solids;			
	the range of values;	Identify angle types;	Calculate the surface area			
	Simplify expressions (X,	Know and use rules for	of cones, spheres,			
	divide)	sums of angles at a	hemispheres, cylinders			
	Multiply and divide	point and on a straight	and combinations of			
	algebraic indices;	line;	these;			

Expand expressions with Measure and draw Identify congruent shapes; single brackets (and Identify similar shapes, angles accurately; simplify); Use rules for angles on including in 3D; Factorise linear parallel lines to solve Solve problems involving problems, giving similar triangles and other expressions; Solve linear equations reasons: polygons; with 1 or 2 steps (letters Find the exterior angle Show that 2 triangles are only 1 side); of a regular polygon; congruent; Use column vectors and Show and recognise Find the interior angle inequalities on number of a regular polygon; vector notation; Solve problems Simplify combinations of lines; Find upper and lower involving interior and vectors: bounds and use exterior angles; Solve problems using inequalities to express Know and use Geometry and Measures formulae for the area the range of values; skills. Solve (linear) of a parallelogram, inequalities trapezium, triangle and **GCSE EXTRA: Handling** compound shapes; data (inequations); Continue sequences; Solve problems understand the vocab: involving areas; In this set of lessons, Name common 3D pupils develop their ability term, consecutive, to handle data and linear; shapes; Find the nth term of a Find the surface area probabilities, including sequence (give as an of 3D shapes (cubes, topics covered at expression or formula); cuboids, prisms, Foundation GCSE that are Use the nth term to not in the L2 Functional pyramids); Convert between generate a sequence; Skills syllabus. Give coordinates in all 4 square and cubic quadrants; metric units, such as **Key Learning** Find midpoints of line Identify and explain cubic mm to cubic m; segments and solve Use vector notation to correlation on a scatter problems involving describe translations graph; use a scatter graph midpoints; fully; to estimate values; explain Find gradients of lines the reliability of an Reflect shapes on a on a grid; grid with a mirror line estimate; Draw straight line or on a given line, such Draw and interpret stem

graphs;	as y=x;	and leaf diagrams; find the			
Interpret real-life graphs	Describe reflections	range, mode and median			
(including	fully;	from a stem-and-leaf	ļ		
Distance/Time graphs);	Rotate objects on a	diagram;			
Interpret graphs	grid;	Understand the reason for			
showing rates of	Describe rotations	sampling, how bias can			
change, e.g. of depth,	fully;	occur and be avoided;			
money, distance or	Find the scale factor of	how sample size affects			
velocity - using the	an enlargement	accuracy; use stratified			
gradient;	(including fractions);	sampling methods to			
Expand double brackets	Enlarge a shape by a	calculate sample sizes;			
(using the FOIL	scale factor;	Work out relative			
method);	Describe enlargements	frequencies (probabilities)	-		
Use tables of values to	fully;	from tables of results;			
draw quadratic graphs	Calculate triangle side	Draw and interpret			
and find the turning	lengths using	Frequency Polygons;			
point;	Pythagoras' Theorem;	Calculate probabilities of			
Solve quadratic	Solve problems	combinations of events;			
equations by drawing a	involving Pythagoras'	create and use a table of			
graph and finding x	Theorem;	outcomes; draw frequency			
values when y=0;	Find the length of line	trees;			
Factorize quadratics into	segments using	Interpret and draw Venn			
pairs of brackets;	Pythagoras' Theorem;	diagrams (and the			
Solve quadratic	Understand the	terminology);			
equations by factorizing,	terminology (adjacent,	Use the 'AND' and 'OR'			
including the difference	opposite, hypotenuse);	rules to find probabilities			
of 2 squares;	Use Tan, Cos, Sin and	of combined independent			
Draw and identify cubic	inverses to calculate	events; draw probability			
and reciprocal graphs	angles in right angled	tree diagrams and use to			
and use the graphs to	triangles;	solve problems;			
estimate solutions to	Calculate lengths in	Use Handling Data			
equations;	right angled triangles	knowledge to solve			
Solve simultaneous	using trigonometry;	problems;			
equations graphically	Solve problems	•			
and algebraically;	involving trigonometry;				
Rearrange formulae to	Use ruler and				

change the subject;	compasses to		
Use algebraic	construct		
understanding and skills	perpendicular		
to solve real-life	bisectors,		
problems.	perpendiculars to line		
	segments through		
	points on or off the		
	line;		
	Use ruler and		
	compasses to		
	construct triangles;		
	Construct angle		
	bisectors.		