

# Goldwyn School

# Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy (including Online Policy)

(Adopted from the Education People - Based on DfE 'Keeping Children Safe in Education 2022)

**Review Body:** Gregoire Godin/FGB

**Review Period:** Annual

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In recognition of the importance of safeguarding at Goldwyn we have 13 trained DSLs in total. DSLs renew their training annually - which is an enhancement of policy expectation of 2 years.

# Lead Designated Safeguarding Lead Gregoire Godin



Goldwyn Ashford	Goldwyn Folkestone	Goldwyn Plus	Goldwyn Sixth Form	
Centre DSL	Centre DSL	Centre DSL	Centre DSL	
Kerris Hinton	Sarah Miller	Jon Bumpus	Jo Chessum	
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Goldwyn Ashford	Goldwyn Folkestone	Goldwyn Plus	Goldwyn Sixth Form	
Deputy DSL	Deputy DSL	Deputy DSL	Deputy DSL	
Louise Ashman	Sarah Cave	Tina Mills	Natasha Pithers	

Safeguarding Governor Christina Sumpter



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#### What to do if you have a welfare concern in Goldwyn School

#### Why are you concerned?

- · For example
  - Something a child has said e.g. allegation of harm
  - Child's appearance may include unexplained marks as well as dress
  - Behaviour change
  - Witnessed concerning behaviour

#### Act immediately and record your concerns. If urgent, speak to a DSL first.

- Follow the school procedure (Record on MyConcern)
  - Reassure the child
  - Clarify concerns if necessary (TED: Tell, Explain, Describe)
  - Use child's own words, record facts not opinions.
  - Sign and date your records
  - Seek support for yourself if required from DSL in your centre

#### Inform the Designated Safeguarding Lead or Deputy verbally in addition to MyConcern

#### **Designated Safeguarding Lead**

- Consider whether the child is at immediate risk of harm are they safe to go home
- Access the Kent Safeguarding Support Level Guidance document and procedures: <a href="www.kscmp.org.uk">www.kscmp.org.uk</a>
- Refer to other agencies as appropriate e.g. Internal or community services, early help open access, LADO, Police or make a Request for Support via Integrated Children's Services
- If unsure then consult with Area Education
   Safeguarding Advisor (Phone Numbers on Safeguarding
   Noticeboard) or Local Authority Social Worker at the
   Front Door. www.kscmp.org.uk

# If you are unhappy with the response

#### Staff:

- Follow local escalation procedures
- Follow Whistleblowing procedures

#### **Students and Parents:**

 Follow school complaints procedures (www.goldwyn.kent.sch.uk)

# Record decision making and action taken in the student's child protection/safeguarding file

#### Monitor

#### Be clear about:

- What you are monitoring e.g. behaviour trends, appearance etc.
- How long you will monitor
- Where, how and to whom you will feedback and how you will record

Review and request further support (if necessary)

At all stages, the child's circumstances will be kept under review

The DSL/Staff will request further support if required to ensure the **child's safety** is **paramount** 

#### 1. Child Focused Approach to Safeguarding

#### 1.1 Introduction

- Goldwyn School recognise our statutory responsibility to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children.
   Safeguarding is everybody's responsibility and all those directly connected (staff, volunteers, governors, leaders, parents, families, and students are an important part of the wider safeguarding system for children and have an essential role to play in making this community safe and secure.
- Goldwyn School believe that the best interests of children always come first. All children (defined as those up
  to the age of 18) have a right to be heard and to have their wishes and feelings taken into account and all
  children regardless of age, gender, ability, culture, race, language, religion or sexual identity or orientation,
  have equal rights to protection.
- Staff working with children at Goldwyn School will maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here' where
  safeguarding is concerned. When concerned about the welfare of a child, staff will always act in the best
  interests of the child and if any member of our community has a safeguarding concern about any child or adult,
  they should act and act immediately.
- Goldwyn School recognises the importance of providing an ethos and environment within school that will help
  children to be safe and to feel safe. In our school children are respected and are encouraged to talk openly. We
  will ensure children's wishes and feelings are taken into account when determining what safeguarding action to
  take and what services to provide.
- Our core safeguarding principles are:
  - o **Prevention**: positive, supportive, safe culture, curriculum and pastoral opportunities for children, safer recruitment procedures.
  - o **Protection**: following the agreed procedures, ensuring all staff are trained and supported to recognise and respond appropriately and sensitively to safeguarding concerns.
  - Support: for all students, parents and staff, and where appropriate specific interventions are required for those who may be at risk of harm.
  - Collaborating with parents and other agencies: to ensure timely, appropriate communications and actions are undertaken when safeguarding concerns arise.
- The procedures contained in this policy apply to all staff, including governors, temporary or third-party agency staff and volunteers, and are consistent with those outlined within KCSIE 2022.

#### 1.2 Policy context

- This policy is implemented in accordance with our compliance with the statutory guidance from the
  Department for Education, 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' 2022 (KCSIE) which requires individual schools
  and colleges to have an effective child protection policy.
- This policy has been developed in accordance with the principles established by the Children Acts 1989 and 2004 and related guidance. This includes but is not limited to:
  - Keeping Children Safe in Education 2022 (KCSIE)
  - Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018 (WTSC)
  - o Ofsted: Education Inspection Framework'
  - o Framework for the Assessment of Children in Need and their Families 2000

- Kent and Medway Safeguarding Children Procedures
- Early Years and Foundation Stage Framework 2021 (EYFS)
- o The Education Act 2002
- Education and Inspections Act 2006
- o The Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014
- The Non-Maintained Special Schools (England) Regulations 2015
- o The Human Rights Act 1998
- The Equality Act 2010 (including the Public Sector Equality Duty)
- Section 175 of the Education Act 2002 requires school governing bodies, local education authorities and
  further education institutions to make arrangements to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children who
  are pupils at a school, or who are students under 18 years of age. Such arrangements will have to have regard
  to any guidance issued by the Secretary of State.
- Goldwyn School will continue to follow government guidance in response to the coronavirus (Covid-19)
  pandemic; regardless of the action required, our safeguarding principles will always remain the same. We will
  amend this policy and our approaches, as necessary.
- Goldwyn School recognise that as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, some members of our community may
  have been exposed to a range of adversity and trauma including bereavement, anxiety and in some cases
  experienced increased welfare and/or safeguarding risks. We will work with local services, such as health and
  the local authority, to ensure necessary support is in place.

#### 1.3 Definition of safeguarding

- In line with KCSIE 2022, safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is defined for the purposes of this policy as:
  - o protecting children from maltreatment
  - o preventing impairment of children's mental and physical health or development
  - o ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care, and
  - o taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.
- The school acknowledges that safeguarding includes a wide range of specific issues including (but not limited to):
  - Abuse and neglect
  - Bullying, including cyberbullying
  - o Child-on-child abuse
  - Children with family members in prison
  - Children Missing Education (CME)
  - Child missing from home or care
  - Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)
  - Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)
  - Contextual safeguarding (risks outside the family home)
  - County lines and gangs
  - o Domestic abuse
  - o Drugs and alcohol misuse
  - Fabricated or induced illness
  - Faith abuse
  - Gender based abuse and violence against women and girls

- Hate
- Homelessness
- Human trafficking and modern slavery
- Mental health
- Nude or semi-nude image sharing, aka youth produced/involved sexual imagery or "Sexting"
- Online safety
- Preventing radicalisation and extremism
- Private fostering
- Relationship abuse
- Serious violence
- Sexual violence and sexual harassment
- So-called 'honour-based' abuse, including Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) and forced marriage
- 'Upskirting'

(Also see Part One and Annex B within 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' 2022)

#### 1.4 Related safeguarding policies

- This policy is one of a series in the school integrated safeguarding portfolio and should be read and actioned in conjunction with the policies as listed below:
  - Supporting the Behaviour of Students with SEMH Needs, including behaviour management and use of physical intervention
  - Staff/Student Code of conduct/Behaviour policy
  - Online safety
  - o Social media
  - Mobile and smart technology
  - o Anti-bullying
  - Data protection and information sharing
  - o Image use
  - Relationship, Sex and Health Education (RSHE)
  - Personal and intimate care
  - Health and safety, including plans for school reopening
  - o Attendance
  - Risk assessments, such as school trips, use of technology, school re-opening
  - o First aid and accidents
  - Managing allegations against staff
  - Staff behaviour policy/code of conduct, including Acceptable Use of Technology Policies (AUP)
  - o Safer recruitment
  - Whistleblowing

#### 1.5 Policy Compliance, Monitoring and Review

- Goldwyn School will review this policy at least annually (as a minimum) and will update it as needed, so that it
  is kept up to date with safeguarding issues as they emerge and evolve, including lessons learnt. The policy will
  also be revised following any national or local updates, significant local or national safeguarding events and/or
  learning, and/or any changes to our own procedures.
- All staff (including temporary staff and volunteers) will be provided with a copy of this policy and Part One of KCSIE 2022 as appropriate. These can be found on the Safeguarding Noticeboard.

- Parents/carers can obtain a copy of the school's Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and other related
  policies on request. Additionally, our policies can be viewed via the school/ website: www.goldwyn.kent.sch.uk
- The policy forms part of our school development plan and will be reviewed annually by the governing body which has responsibility for oversight of safeguarding and child protection systems.
- The Designated Safeguarding Lead and principal will ensure regular reporting on safeguarding activity and systems to the governing bod. The governing body will not receive details of individual student situations or identifying features of families as part of their oversight responsibility.

#### 2. Key Responsibilities

#### 2.1 Governance and leadership

- The governing body and leadership team have a strategic responsibility for our safeguarding arrangements and will comply with their duties under legislation. The governing body have regard to the KCSIE guidance and will ensure our policies, procedures and training is effective and complies with the law at all times.
- The governing body will facilitate a whole school approach to safeguarding which involves everyone. They will
  ensure that safeguarding and child protection are at the forefront and underpin all relevant aspects of process
  and policy development, so that all systems, processes, and policies operate with the best interests of the child
  at their heart.
- The governing body are aware of their obligations under the Human Rights Act 1998, the Equality Act 2010, (including the Public Sector Equality Duty), and the local multi-agency safeguarding arrangements set out by the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership (KSCMP).
- The governing body and leadership team will ensure that there are policies and procedures in place to ensure appropriate action is taken in a timely manner to safeguard and promote children's welfare.
- The Principal will ensure that our Safeguarding and Child Protection policies and procedures adopted by the governing body, are understood, and followed by all staff.
- The governing body will ensure an appropriate senior member of staff, from the school leadership team, is appointed to the role of designated safeguarding lead. The governing body and leadership team will ensure that the DSL is supported in their role and is provided with sufficient time so they can provide appropriate support to staff and children regarding any safeguarding and welfare concerns.
- The school has a nominated governor for safeguarding. The nominated governor will support the DSL and have
  oversight in ensuring that the school has an effective policy which interlinks with other related policies, that
  locally agreed procedures are in place and being followed, and that the policies are reviewed at least annually
  and when required.

#### 2.2 Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)

- The school has appointed Gregoire Godin, Vice Principal and Strategic Head of Centre, a member of the senior leadership team, as the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL).
- The DSL has overall responsibility for the day-to-day oversight of safeguarding and child protection systems (including online safety) in school. Whilst the activities of the DSL may be delegated to the Centre DSLs, the

ultimate lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection remains with the DSL and this responsibility will not be delegated.

• The school has also appointed Deputy DSLs who will have delegated responsibilities and act in the Centre DSL's absence.

Deputy DSL Goldwyn Ashford	Louise Ashman	louise.ashman@goldwyn.kent.sch.uk
Deputy DSL Goldwyn Folkestone	Sarah Cave	Sarah.cave@goldwyn.kent.sch.uk
Deputy DSL Goldwyn Plus	Tina Mills	tina.mills@goldwyn.kent.sch.uk
Deputy DSL Goldwyn Sixth Form	Natasha Pithers	natasha.pithers@goldwyn.kent.sch.uk

- The DSL (and Centre DSLs) will be more likely to have a complete safeguarding picture and will be the most appropriate person to advise staff on the response to any safeguarding concerns.
- It is the role of the DSL to carry out their functions as identified in Annex C of KCISE 2022. This includes but is not limited to:
  - Acting as the central contact point for all staff to discuss any safeguarding concerns
  - Maintaining a confidential recording system for safeguarding and child protection concerns
  - o Coordinating safeguarding action for individual children
    - When supporting children with a social worker or looked after children, the DSL should have the details of the child's social worker and the name of the virtual school head in the authority that looks after the child, with the DSL liaising closely with the designated teacher.
  - Liaising with other agencies and professionals in line with KCSIE 2022 and WTSC 2018
  - Ensuring that locally established procedures as put in place by the three safeguarding partners as part
    of the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership (KSCMP) procedures, including referrals,
    are followed, as necessary.
  - Representing, or ensure the school is appropriately represented at multi-agency safeguarding meetings (including child protection conferences)
  - Managing and monitoring the school role in any multi-agency plan for a child.
  - Being available during term time (during school hours) for staff in the school to discuss any safeguarding concerns.
  - Helping promote educational outcomes by sharing the information about the welfare, safeguarding and child protection issues that children, including children with a social worker, are experiencing, or have experienced, with teachers and school leadership staff.
  - Ensuring adequate and appropriate DSL cover arrangements in response to any closures and out of hours and/or out of term activities.
  - o Ensuring all staff access appropriate safeguarding training and relevant updates in line with the recommendations within KCSIE.
  - Liaising with the Principal to inform them of any safeguarding issues, especially ongoing enquiries under section 47 of the Children Act 1989 and police investigations. This includes being aware of the requirement for children to have an Appropriate Adult (<u>PACE Code C 2019</u>).
- The DSL will undergo appropriate and specific training to provide them with the knowledge and skills required
  to carry out their role. Centre DSLs will be trained to the same standard as the DSL. The DSLs' training will be
  updated formally at least every two years, but their knowledge and skills will be updated through a variety of
  methods at regular intervals and at least annually.

#### 2.3 Members of staff

- Our staff play a particularly important role in safeguarding as they are in a position to identify concerns early, provide help for children, promote children's welfare and prevent concerns from escalating.
- All members of staff have a responsibility to:
  - o provide a safe environment in which children can learn.
  - o be aware of the indicators of abuse and neglect so that they can identify cases of children who may need help or protection.
  - o know what to do if a child tells them that they are being abused, neglected, or exploited and understand the impact abuse and neglect can have upon a child.
  - o be able to identify and act upon indicators that children are, or at risk of developing mental health issues.
  - o be prepared to identify children who may benefit from early help.
  - o understand the early help process and their role in it.
  - understand the school safeguarding policies and systems.
  - o undertake regular and appropriate training which is regularly updated.
  - o be aware of the local process of making referrals to children's social care and statutory assessment under the Children Act 1989.
  - o know how to maintain an appropriate level of confidentiality.
  - o reassure children who report concerns that they are being taken seriously and that they will be supported and kept safe.
  - act in line with Teachers' Standards 2012 which state that teachers (including headteachers) should safeguard children's wellbeing and maintain public trust in the teaching profession as part of their professional duties.
  - Staff at Goldwyn School recognise that children may not feel ready or know how to tell someone that they
    are being abused, exploited, or neglected, and/or they may not recognise their experiences as being
    abusive or harmful. This should not prevent staff from having professional curiosity and speaking to a DSL if
    they have any concerns about a child.
  - Staff at Goldwyn School will determine how best to build trusted relationships with children, young people
    and parents/carers which facilitate appropriate professional communication in line with existing and
    relevant policies, for example, our staff Code of Conduct/student Behaviour policies.

#### 2.4 Children and young people

- Children and young people have a right to:
  - o Feel safe, be listened to, and have their wishes and feelings taken into account.
  - Confidently report abuse, knowing their concerns will be treated seriously, and knowing they can safely express their views and give feedback.
  - Contribute to the development of school safeguarding policies.
  - Receive help from a trusted adult.
  - Learn how to keep themselves safe, including online.

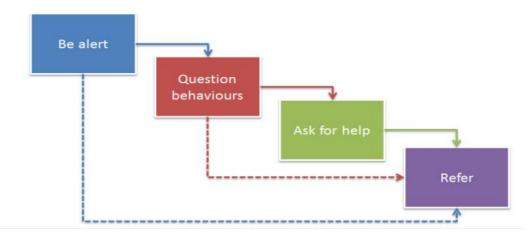
#### 2.5 Parents and Carers

- Parents/carers have a responsibility to:
  - Understand and adhere to the relevant school policies and procedures.
  - Talk to their children about safeguarding issues and support the school in their safeguarding approaches.
  - o Identify behaviours which could indicate that their child is at risk of harm including online.
  - Seek help and support from the school or other agencies.

#### 3. Child Protection Procedures

#### 3.1 Recognising indicators of abuse and neglect

- Staff will maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here' where safeguarding is concerned. When concerned about the welfare of a child, staff will always act in the best interests of the child.
- All staff are made aware of the definitions and indicators of abuse and neglect as identified by Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018) and Keeping Children Safe in Education 2022. This is outlined locally within the <u>Kent Support Levels Guidance</u>.
- Goldwyn School recognise that when assessing whether a child may be suffering actual or potential harm there are four categories of abuse (for more in-depth information, see appendix 1):
  - Physical abuse
  - Sexual abuse
  - o Emotional abuse
  - Neglect
- By understanding the indicators or abuse and neglect, we can respond to problems as early as possible and provide the right support and services for the child and their family.
- All members of staff are expected to be aware of and follow the below approach if they are concerned about a child:



'What to do if you are worried a child is being abused' 2015

In all cases, if staff are unsure, they will always speak to the DSL (or deputy).

Goldwyn School recognises that concerns may arise in many different contexts and can vary greatly in terms of their nature and seriousness. The indicators of child abuse and neglect can vary from child to child. Children develop and mature at different rates, so what appears to be worrying behaviour for a younger child might be normal for an older child. It is important to recognise that indicators of abuse and neglect do not automatically mean a child is being abused however all concerns should be taken seriously and will be explored by the DSL on a case-by-case basis.

- Goldwyn School recognises abuse, neglect, and safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events and
  cannot always be covered by one definition or one label alone. In many cases, multiple issues will overlap
  with one another, therefore staff will always be vigilant and always raise concerns with a DSL.
- Parental behaviors can indicate child abuse or neglect, so staff will be alert to parent-child interactions or concerning parental behaviours; this could include parents who are under the influence of drugs or alcohol or if there is a sudden change in their mental health.
- Children may report abuse happening to themselves, their peers or their family members. All reports made by children to staff will be taken seriously and will be responded to in line with this policy.
- Safeguarding incidents and/or behaviours can be associated with factors and risks outside the School.
  Children can be at risk of abuse or exploitation in situations outside their families; extra-familial harms take
  a variety of different forms and children can be vulnerable to multiple harms including (but not limited to)
  sexual exploitation, criminal exploitation, sexual abuse, serious youth violence and county lines.
- Goldwyn School recognises that technology can be a significant component in many safeguarding and wellbeing issues; children are at risk of abuse online from people they know (including other children) and from people they do not know; in many cases, abuse will take place concurrently via online channels and in daily life.
- Goldwyn School recognises that some children have additional or complex needs and may require access to intensive or specialist services to support them.
- Following a concern about a child's safety or welfare, the searching and screening of children and confiscation of any items, including any electronic devices, will be managed in line with the school's behaviour policy.
  - The DSL (or deputy) will be informed of any searching incidents where there were reasonable grounds to suspect student was in possession of a prohibited item as listed in our behaviour policy. The DSL (or deputy) will then consider the circumstances of the student who has been searched to assess the incident against any potential wider safeguarding concerns.
  - Staff will involve the DSL (or deputy) without delay if they believe that a search has revealed a safeguarding risk.

#### 3.2 Responding to child protection concerns

- If staff are made aware of a child protection concern, they are expected to:
  - o listen carefully to child, reflecting back the concern.
  - use the child's language.
  - be non-judgmental.
  - o avoid leading questions; only prompting the child where necessary with open questions to clarify information where necessary. For example who, what, where, when or Tell, Explain, Describe (TED).

- o not promise confidentiality as concerns will have to be shared further, for example, with the DSL and potentially Integrated Children's Services.
- o be clear about boundaries and how the report will be progressed.
- o record the concern using the facts as the child presents them, in line with school record keeping requirements.
- o inform the DSL (or deputy), as soon as practically possible.
- If staff have any concerns about a child's welfare, they are expected to act on them immediately. If staff are unsure if something is a safeguarding issue, they will speak to the DSL (or deputy).
- The DSL or a deputy should always be available to discuss safeguarding concerns. If in exceptional circumstances, a DSL is not available, this should not delay appropriate action being taken by staff. Staff should speak to a member of the senior leadership team, take advice from the Education Safeguarding Service or a consultation with a social worker from the Front Door (for contact information, see flowchart on page x). In these circumstances, any action taken will be shared with a DSL as soon as is possible.
- All staff are made aware that early information sharing is vital for the effective identification, assessment, and allocation of appropriate service provision, whether this is when problems first emerge, or where a child is already known to other agencies. Staff will not assume a colleague, or another professional will act and share information that might be critical in keeping children safe.
- Goldwyn School will respond to safeguarding concerns in line with the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership procedures (KSCMP).
  - The full KSCMP procedures and additional guidance relating to reporting concerns and specific safeguarding issues can be found on their website: <a href="www.kscmp.org.uk">www.kscmp.org.uk</a>
- In Kent, Early Help and Preventative Services and Children's Social Work Services are part of Integrated Children's Services (ICS). Specific information and guidance to follow with regards to accessing support and/or making referrals in Kent can be found here: <a href="www.kelsi.org.uk/support-for-children-and-young-people/integrated-childrens-services">www.kelsi.org.uk/support-for-children-and-young-people/integrated-childrens-services</a>
- Where it is identified a child may benefit from Early Help support (as provided by <u>ICS</u>), the DSL (or deputy) will generally lead as appropriate and make a request for support via the Front Door.
  - The DSL will keep all Early Help cases under constant review and consideration will be given to
    escalating concerns to the Front Door or seeking advice via the <u>Education Safeguarding Service</u> if the
    situation does not appear to be improving or is getting worse.
- All staff are made aware of the process for making referrals to Integrated Children's Services and for statutory assessments under the Children Act 1989, especially section 17 (children in need) and section 47 (a child suffering, or likely to suffer, significant harm) that may follow a referral, along with the role they might be expected to play in such assessments.
- Where a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer from harm, or is in immediate danger (for example, under section 17 or 47 of the Children Act), a 'request for support' will be made immediately to Kent <u>Integrated</u> <u>Children's Services</u> (via the 'Front Door') and/or the police, in line with KSCMP procedures.
  - Goldwyn School recognise that in situations where there are immediate child protection concerns for a child as identified in line with Support Level Guidance, it is NOT to investigate as a single agency, but to act in line with KSCMP guidance which may involve multi-agency decision making.

- The DSL may seek advice or guidance from an Area Education Safeguarding Advisor from the Education Safeguarding Service before deciding next steps.
- They may also seek advice or guidance from a social worker at the Front Door service who are the first point of contact for <u>Integrated Children's Services</u> (ICS).
- In the event of a request for support to the Front Door being necessary, parents/carers will be informed and consent to this will be sought by the DSL in line with guidance provided by KSCMP and ICS. Parents/carers will be informed of this, unless there is a valid reason not to do so, for example, if to do so would put a child at risk of harm or would undermine a criminal investigation.
- If, after a request for support or any other planned external intervention, a child's situation does not appear to be improving, or concerns regarding receiving a decision or the decisions made, staff or the DSL will re-refer (if appropriate) and/or DSLs will follow the <a href="KSCMP">KSCMP</a> escalation procedures to ensure their concerns have been addressed and, most importantly, that the child's situation improves. DSLs may request support with this via the Education Safeguarding Service.

#### 3.3 Recording concerns

- All safeguarding concerns, discussions, decisions, and reasons for those decisions, will be recorded in
  writing on the school safeguarding system (MyConcern) and passed without delay to the DSL. Our records
  will include a clear and comprehensive summary of any concerns, details of how concerns were followed
  up and resolved, and a note of any action taken, decisions reached and outcomes.
- Paper concern forms are kept by each centre DSL for visitors/volunteers, all staff have access to MyConcern.
- Records will be completed as soon as possible after the incident/event, using the child's words and will be signed and dated by the member of staff. Child protection records will record facts and not personal opinions. A body map will be completed if visible injuries have been observed.
- If there is an immediate safeguarding concern the member of staff will consult with a DSL before completing the form as reporting urgent concerns takes priority.
- If members of staff are in any doubt about recording requirements, they will discuss their concerns with the DSL.
- Child protection records will include a clear and comprehensive summary of the concern, details of how the concern was followed up and resolved and details regarding any action taken, decisions reached and the outcome.
- Child protection records will be kept confidential and stored securely. Child protection records will be kept
  for individual children and will be maintained separately from all other records relating to the child in the
  school. Child protection records are kept in accordance with data protection legislation and are retained
  centrally and securely by the DSL.
- All child protection records will be transferred in accordance with data protection legislation to the child's subsequent school, under confidential and separate cover as soon as possible; within 5 days for an in-year transfer or within the first 5 days of the start of a new term. Child protection files will be transferred securely to the new DSL, separately to the child's main file, and a confirmation of receipt will be obtained.

- In addition to the child protection file, the DSL will also consider if it would be appropriate to share any information with the DSL at the new school or college in advance of a child leaving, for example, information that would allow the new school or college to continue to provide support.
- Where the school receives child protection files from another setting, the DSL will ensure key staff such as the Special Educational Needs Co-Ordinators (SENCOs) will be made aware of relevant information as required.
- Where a student joins the school and no child protection files are received, the DSL will proactively seek to confirm from the previous setting whether any child protections exist for the student, and if so, if the files have been sent.

#### 3.4 Multi-agency working

- Goldwyn School recognises the pivotal role we have to play in multi-agency safeguarding arrangements and
  is committed to its responsibility to work within the <u>KSCMP</u> multi-agency safeguarding arrangements as
  identified within 'Working Together to Safeguard Children'.
- The School leadership team, governing body and DSL will work to establish strong and co-operative local relationships with professionals in other agencies, including the safeguarding partners in line with local and national guidance.
- Goldwyn School recognises the importance of multi-agency working and is committed to working alongside
  partner agencies to provide a coordinated response to promote children's welfare and protect them from
  harm. This includes contributing to <a href="KSCMP">KSCMP</a> processes as required, such as, participation in relevant
  safeguarding multi-agency plans and meetings, including Child Protection Conferences, Core Groups,
  Strategy Meetings, Child in Need meetings or other early help multi-agency meetings.
- The School will allow access for Kent Children's Social Work Service and, where appropriate, from a placing local authority, to conduct, or to consider whether to conduct, a section 17 or a section 47 assessment.
- The Principal and DSL are aware of the requirement for children to have an Appropriate Adult (<u>PACE Code C 2019</u>) where there is a need for detention, treatment and questioning by police officers and will respond to concerns in line with our school behaviour policy, which is informed by the DfE '<u>Searching, screening and confiscation at school</u>' guidance.

#### 3.5 Confidentiality and information sharing

- Goldwyn School recognises our duty and powers to hold, use and share relevant information with appropriate agencies in matters relating to child protection at the earliest opportunity as per statutory guidance outlined within KCSIE.
- Goldwyn School has an appropriately trained Data Protection Lead (James Whatley). Goldwyn School uses
  the Cantium DPO services for Data Protection issues as required by the UK General Data Protection
  Regulations (UK GDPR) to ensure that our school is compliant with all matters relating to confidentiality and
  information sharing requirements.
- Staff will have due regard to the relevant data protection principles, which allow them to share and withhold personal information. The Data Protection Act 2018 and UK GDPR do not prevent the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe. Fears about sharing information must not be allowed

to stand in the way of the need to safeguard and promote the welfare and protect the safety of children (KCSIE 2022). KCSIE 2022, the <u>Information Commissioner's Office</u> (ICO) and the DfE <u>'Information sharing advice for safeguarding practitioners'</u> (2018) guidance provides further details regarding information sharing principles and expectations.

- The Principal and DSL will disclose relevant safeguarding information about a student with staff on a 'need to know' basis.
- Staff also have a professional responsibility to be proactive in sharing information as early as possible to
  help identify, assess, and respond to risks or concerns about the safety and welfare of children; this may
  include sharing information with the DSL and with other agencies as appropriate.
- In regard to confidentiality and information sharing staff will only involve those who need to be involved, such as the DSL (or a deputy) and Kent Integrated Children's Services. All staff are aware they cannot promise a child that they will not tell anyone about a report of any form of abuse, as this may not be in the best interests of the child.

#### 3.6 Complaints

- All members of the school community should feel able to raise or report any concerns about children's safety or potential failures in the school safeguarding regime. The school has a complaints procedure available to parents, students and members of staff and visitors who wish to report concerns or complaints. This can be found on the school website.
- Whilst we encourage members of our community to report concerns and complaints directly to us, we recognise this may not always be possible. Children, young people, and adults who have experienced abuse at school can contact the NSPCC 'Report Abuse in Education' helpline on 0800 136 663 or via email: <a href="help@nspcc.org.uk">help@nspcc.org.uk</a>
- Staff can also access the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline if they do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally.
  - Staff can call 0800 028 0285 (8:00 AM to 8:00 PM Monday to Friday) or email <a href="help@nspcc.org.uk">help@nspcc.org.uk</a>.
  - The leadership team at Goldwyn School will take all concerns reported to the school seriously and all complaints will be considered and responded to in line with the relevant and appropriate process. Anything that constitutes an allegation against a member of staff or volunteer will be dealt with in line with section 8 of this policy.

# **4 Specific Safeguarding Issues**

- Goldwyn School is aware of the range of specific safeguarding issues and situations that can put children at
  greater risk of harm. In addition to Part one, DSLs, school leaders and staff who work directly with children will
  read Annex B of KCSIE 2022 which contains important additional information about specific forms of abuse and
  safeguarding issues.
- Where staff are unsure how to respond to specific safeguarding issues, they should follow the processes as identified in part 3 of this policy and speak with the DSL or a deputy.

#### 4.1 Child-on-child abuse

- All members of staff at Goldwyn School recognise that children can abuse other children (referred to as childon-child abuse, previously known as 'peer-on-peer' abuse), and that it can happen both inside and outside of school and online.
- Goldwyn School recognises that child-on-child abuse can take many forms, including but not limited to:
  - o Bullying, including cyberbullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying
  - o Abuse in intimate personal relationships between children
  - Physical abuse which can include hitting, kicking, shaking, biting, hair pulling, or otherwise causing physical harm
  - Sexual violence and sexual harassment
  - Consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nude images and/or videos (also known as sexting or youth produced sexual imagery)
  - Causing someone to engage in sexual activity without consent, such as forcing someone to strip, touch themselves sexually, or to engage in sexual activity with a third party
  - Upskirting (which is a criminal offence), which typically involves taking a picture under a person's clothing without their permission, with the intention of viewing their genitals or buttocks to obtain sexual gratification, or cause the victim humiliation, distress or alarm
  - Initiation/hazing type violence and rituals
- Any allegations of child-on-child abuse will be recorded, investigated, and dealt with in line with this child protection policy and KCSIE 2022 (in particular, part two and five).
- Goldwyn School a zero-tolerance approach to child-on-child abuse. We believe that abuse is abuse and it will
  never be tolerated or dismissed as "just banter", "just having a laugh", "part of growing up" or "boys being
  boys"; this can lead to a culture of unacceptable behaviours and can create an unsafe environment for children
  and a culture that normalises abuse, which can prevent children from coming forward to report it.
- All staff have a role to play in challenging inappropriate behaviours between children. Staff recognise that some child-on-child abuse issues may be affected by gender, age, ability and culture of those involved. For example, for gender based abuse, girls are more likely to be victims and boys more likely to be perpetrators.
- Goldwyn School recognises that even if there are no reported cases of child-on-child abuse, such abuse is still likely to be taking place and it may be the case that it is just not being reported. As such, it is important that staff speak to the DSL (or deputy) about any concerns regarding child-on-child abuse.
- In order to minimise the risk of child-on-child abuse, Goldwyn School will:
  - Implement a robust anti-bullying policy
  - work with individuals or groups of students using restorative approaches.
  - Work closely with parents to solve issues.
  - Educate students about what constitutes child-on-child abuse.
  - Build trusting relationships with staff to enable students to feel able to report how they are feeling.
  - Ensure staff are vigilant to the signs of worry and anxiety for all the students,
  - Recognise, record and refer any incidents they become aware onto 'My Concern' and also directly to the DSL.

- Provide an age/ability appropriate PSHE and RSE curriculum
- Alleged victims, perpetrators and any other child affected by child-on-child abuse will be supported by providing pastoral support, working with parents/carers, and in cases of sexual assault, informing the police and/or Front Door
- Goldwyn School want children to feel able to confidently report abuse and know their concerns will be treated seriously. All allegations of child-on-child abuse will be reported to the DSL and will be recorded, investigated, and dealt with in line with associated school policies, including child protection, anti-bullying, and behaviour.
   Pupils/students who experience abuse will be offered appropriate support, regardless of where the abuse takes place.
- Concerns about students' behaviour, including child-on-child abuse taking place offsite will be responded to as
  part of a partnership approach with students' and parents/carers. Offsite behaviour concerns will be recorded
  and responded to in line with existing appropriate policies, for example anti-bullying, acceptable use, behaviour
  and child protection policies.
- Alleged victims, alleged perpetrators and any other child affected by child-on-child abuse will be supported by:
  - Providing pastoral support, working with parents/carers, and in cases of sexual assault, informing the police and/or Front Door

#### 4.2 Child-on-child sexual violence and sexual harassment

- When responding to concerns relating to child-on-child sexual violence or harassment, Goldwyn School will follow the guidance outlined in Part five of KCSIE 2022.
- Goldwyn School recognises that sexual violence and sexual abuse can happen anywhere, and all staff will
  maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here. Goldwyn School recognises sexual violence and sexual harassment
  can occur between two children of any age and sex. It can occur through a group of children sexually assaulting
  or sexually harassing a single child or group of children and can occur online and face to face (both physically
  and verbally). Sexual violence and sexual harassment is never acceptable.
- <u>All</u> victims of sexual violence or sexual harassment will be reassured that they are being taken seriously, regardless of how long it has taken them to come forward, and that they will be supported and kept safe. A victim will never be given the impression that they are creating a problem by reporting sexual violence or sexual harassment, or ever be made to feel ashamed for making a report.
- Abuse that occurs online or outside of the school will not be dismissed or downplayed and will be treated
  equally seriously and in line with relevant policies/procedures, for example anti-bullying, behaviour,
  safeguarding & child protection (including online safety).
- Goldwyn School recognises that the law is in place to protect children and young people rather than criminalise them, and this will be explained in such a way to students that avoids alarming or distressing them.
- Goldwyn School recognises that an initial disclosure to a trusted adult may only be the first incident reported,
  rather than representative of a singular incident and that trauma can impact memory, so children may not be
  able to recall all details or timeline of abuse. All staff will be aware certain children may face additional barriers
  to telling someone, for example because of their vulnerability, disability, sex, ethnicity, and/or sexual
  orientation.

- The DSL (or deputy) is likely to have a complete safeguarding picture and will be the most appropriate person to advise on the initial response.
  - The DSL will make an immediate risk and needs assessment which will be considered on a case-by-case basis which explores how best to support and protect the victim and the alleged perpetrator, and any other children involved/impacted, in line with part five of KCSIE 2022 and relevant local/national guidance and support, for example KSCMP procedures and support from the Education Safeguarding Service.
  - The risk and needs assessment will be recorded and kept under review and will consider the victim (especially their protection and support), the alleged perpetrator, and all other children, adult students (if appropriate), and staff and any actions that are required to protect them.
  - Any concerns involving an online element will take place in accordance with relevant local/national guidance and advice.
- Reports will initially be managed internally by the school and where necessary will be referred to <u>Integrated Children's Services</u> (Early Help and/or Children's Social Work Service) and/or the police. Important considerations which may influence this decision include:
  - o the wishes of the victim in terms of how they want to proceed.
  - o the nature of the alleged incident(s), including whether a crime may have been committed and/or whether Harmful Sexual Behavior has been displayed.
  - the ages of the children involved.
  - the developmental stages of the children involved.
  - o any power imbalance between the children.
  - o if the alleged incident is a one-off or a sustained pattern of abuse sexual abuse can be accompanied by other forms of abuse and a sustained pattern may not just be of a sexual nature.
  - o that sexual violence and sexual harassment can take place within intimate personal relationships between children.
  - o understanding intra familial harms and any necessary support for siblings following incidents.
  - whether there are any ongoing risks to the victim, other children, adult students, or school staff.
  - o any other related issues and wider context, including any links to child sexual exploitation and child criminal exploitation.
- The school will in most instances engage with both the victim's and alleged perpetrator's parents/carers when there has been a report of sexual violence; this might not be necessary or proportionate in the case of sexual harassment and will depend on a case-by-case basis. The exception to this is if there is a reason to believe informing a parent/carer will put a child at additional risk. Any information shared with parents/carers will be in line with information sharing expectations, our confidentiality policy, and any data protection requirements, and where they are involved, will be subject to discussion with other agencies (for example Children's Social Work Service and/or the police) to ensure a consistent approach is taken.
- If at any stage the DSL is unsure how to proceed, advice will be sought from the Education Safeguarding Service.

#### 4.3 Nude and/or semi-nude image sharing by children

Note: The term 'sharing nudes and semi-nudes' is used to mean the sending or posting of nude or semi-nude images, videos or live streams of/by young people under the age of eighteen. Creating and sharing nudes and semi-nudes of under-18s (including those created and shared with consent) is illegal which makes responding to incidents complex. The <a href="UKCIS Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people">UKCIS Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people' guidance outlines how schools and colleges should respond to all incidents of consensual and non-consensual image sharing; it should be read and understood by all DSLs working with all age groups.

- Goldwyn School recognises that consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nude images and/or videos (also known as youth produced/involved sexual imagery or "sexting") can be a safeguarding issue; all concerns will be reported to and dealt with by the DSL (or deputy).
- When made aware of concerns involving consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nude images and/or videos by children, staff are advised:
  - o to report any concerns to the DSL immediately.
  - o never to view, copy, print, share, forward, store or save the imagery, or ask a child to share or download it this may be illegal. If staff have already inadvertently viewed imagery , this will be immediately reported to the DSL.
  - o not to delete the imagery or ask the child to delete it.
  - o to avoid saying or doing anything to blame or shame any children involved.
  - o to reassure the child(ren) involved and explain that the DSL will be informed so they can receive appropriate support and help. Do not promise confidentiality, as other agencies may need to be informed and be involved.
  - o not to investigate or ask the child(ren) involved to disclose information regarding the imagery
  - to not share information about the incident with other members of staff, children/young people, or parents/carers, including the families and child(ren) involved in the incident; this is the responsibility of the DSL.
- DSLs will respond to concerns in line with the non-statutory UKCIS guidance: 'Sharing nudes and semi-nudes:
   advice for education settings working with children and young people' and the local KSCMP guidance. When
   made aware of a concern involving consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nude images
   and/or videos:
  - The DSL will hold an initial review meeting to explore the context and ensure appropriate and proportionate safeguarding action is taken in the best interests of any child involved. This may mean speaking with relevant staff and the children involved as appropriate.
  - o Parents/carers will be informed at an early stage and be involved in the process to best support children, unless there is good reason to believe that involving them would put a child at risk of harm.
  - All decisions and action taken will be recorded in line with our child protection procedures.
  - A referral will be made to ICS and/or the police immediately if:
    - the incident involves an adult (over 18).
    - there is reason to believe that a child has been coerced, blackmailed, or groomed, or there are concerns about their capacity to consent, for example, age of the child or they have special educational needs.
    - the image/videos involve sexual acts and a child under the age of thirteen, depict sexual acts which are unusual for the child's developmental stage, or are violent.
    - a child is at immediate risk of harm owing to the sharing of nudes and semi-nudes.
  - The DSL may choose to involve other agencies at any time if further information/concerns are disclosed at a later date.
  - o If DSLs are unsure how to proceed, advice will be sought from the Education Safeguarding Service.

#### 4.4 Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)

• Goldwyn School recognises that both CSE and CCE are forms of abuse that occur where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance in power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into taking part in sexual or criminal activity, in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator and/or through violence or the threat of violence. CSE and CCE can affect children, both male and female and can include children who have been moved (commonly referred to as trafficking) for the purpose of exploitation.

- Goldwyn School recognises that children can become trapped in CCE as perpetrators can threaten victims and their families with violence or entrap and coerce them into debt. Children involved in criminal exploitation often commit crimes themselves which can mean their vulnerability as victims is not always recognised (particularly older children) and they are not treated as victims, despite the harm they have experienced. The experience of girls who are criminally exploited can also be very different to that of boys. We also recognise that boys and girls being criminally exploited may be at higher risk of child sexual exploitation (CSE).
- Goldwyn School recognises that CSE can occur over time or be a one-off occurrence and may happen without
  the child's immediate knowledge, for example through others sharing videos or images of them on social
  media. CSE can affect any child who has been coerced into engaging in sexual activities and includes 16 and 17
  year olds who can legally consent to have sex. Some children may not realise they are being exploited, for
  example they may believe they are in a genuine romantic relationship.
- If staff are concerned that a child may be at risk of CSE or CCE, immediate action should be taken by speaking to the DSL or a deputy.

#### 4.5 Serious violence

- All staff are aware of the indicators which may signal children are at risk from or are involved with serious violent crime. These may include unexplained gifts or new possessions, increased absence from school, a change in friendships or relationships with older individuals or groups, a significant decline in performance, signs of self-harm or a significant change in wellbeing, or signs of assault or unexplained injuries. Unexplained gifts or new possessions could also indicate that children have been approached by, or are involved with, individuals associated with criminal networks or gangs and may be at risk of CCE.
- Any concerns regarding serious violence will be reported and responded to in line with other child protection
  concerns by speaking with a DSL or deputy. The initial response to child victims is important and staff will take
  any allegations seriously and work in ways that support children and keep them safe.

#### 4.6 So-called Honour Based Abuse (HBA)

- So-called 'honour'-based abuse (HBA) encompasses incidents or crimes which have been committed to protect
  or defend the honour of the family and/or community, including female genital mutilation (FGM) forced
  marriage, and practices such as breast ironing.
- All forms of HBS are abuse, regardless of the motivation, and concerns will be responded to in line with Section 3 of this policy. Staff will report any concerns about HBA to the DSL (or a deputy). If there is an immediate threat, the police will be contacted.
- Whilst all staff will speak to the DSL (or deputy) with regard to any concerns about female genital mutilation (FGM), there is a specific legal duty on teachers.
  - o If a teacher, in the course of their work in the profession, discovers that an act of FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl under the age of 18, the teacher must report this to the police.

#### 4.7 Preventing radicalisation

 Goldwyn School is aware of our duty under section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (the CTSA 2015), to have "due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism", also known as the Prevent duty and the <u>specific obligations</u> placed upon us as an education provider regarding risk assessments, working in partnership, staff training, and IT policies.

- Goldwyn School recognises that children are vulnerable to extremist ideology and radicalisation and staff will be alert to changes in children's behaviour which could indicate that they may be in need of help or protection.
- Staff will report any concerns to the DSL (or a deputy), who is aware of the <u>local procedures</u> to follow. If there is an immediate threat, the police will be contacted via 999.

#### 4.8 Cybercrime

- Goldwyn School recognises that children with particular skill and interest in computing and technology may
  inadvertently or deliberately stray into 'cyber-enabled' (crimes that can happen offline but are enabled at scale
  and at speed online) or 'cyber dependent' (crimes that can be committed only by using a computer/internet
  enabled device) cybercrime.
- If staff are concerned that a child may be at risk of becoming involved in cyber-dependent cybercrime, the DSL
  or a deputy will be informed, and consideration will be given to accessing local support and/or referring into
  the <u>Cyber Choices</u> programme, which aims to intervene when young people are at risk of committing, or being
  drawn into, low level cyber-dependent offences and divert them to a more positive use of their skills and
  interests.
- Where there are concerns about 'cyber-enabled' crime such as fraud, purchasing of illegal drugs online, child sexual abuse and exploitation, or other areas of concern such as online bullying or general online safety, they will be responded to in line with the child protection and other appropriate policies.

#### 4.9 Domestic abuse

- Goldwyn School recognises that domestic abuse can encompass a wide range of behaviours and may be a
  single incident or a pattern of incidents. That abuse can be, but is not limited to, psychological, physical, sexual,
  financial, or emotional abuse. Children can be victims of domestic abuse and may see, hear, or experience the
  effects of abuse at home and/or suffer domestic abuse in their own intimate relationships (teenage
  relationship abuse). Domestic abuse can have a detrimental and long-term impact on children's health, wellbeing, development, and ability to learn.
- Goldwyn School is an Operation Encompass School. This means we work in partnership with Kent Police to provide support to children experiencing domestic a
- If staff are concerned that a child may be at risk of seeing, hearing, or experiencing domestic abuse in their home or in their own intimate relationships, immediate action should be taken by speaking to the DSL or a deputy.

#### 4.10 Mental health

• All staff recognise that mental health problems can, in some cases, be an indicator that a child has suffered or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect or exploitation.

- Staff are aware that children's experiences, for example where children have suffered abuse and neglect, or
  other potentially traumatic Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs), can impact on their mental health,
  behaviour, and education.
- Staff are well placed to observe children day-to-day and identify those whose behaviour suggests that they may be experiencing a mental health problem or be at risk of developing one.
- If staff have a mental health concern about a child that is also a safeguarding concern, immediate action should be taken by speaking to the DSL or a deputy.

#### 5 Supporting Children Potentially at Greater Risk of Harm

• Whilst <u>all</u> children should be protected, Goldwyn School acknowledge that some groups of children are potentially at greater risk of harm. This can include the following groups:

#### 5.1 Safeguarding children with Special Educational Needs or Disabilities (SEND)

- Goldwyn School acknowledges that children with special educational needs or disabilities (SEND) or certain health conditions can face additional safeguarding challenges and barriers for recognising abuse and neglect.
- Goldwyn School recognises that children with SEND may face additional communication barriers and
  experience difficulties in managing or reporting abuse or challenges. Children with SEND will be supported to
  communicate and ensure that their voice is heard and acted upon.
- All members of staff are encouraged to appropriately explore potential indicators of abuse such as behaviour, mood changes or injuries and not to assume that they are related to the child's disability. Staff will be mindful that children with SEND or certain medical conditions may be disproportionally impacted by behaviours such as bullying, without outwardly showing any signs.
- Members of staff are encouraged to be aware that children with SEND can be disproportionally impacted by safeguarding concerns, such as exploitation, peer group isolation or bullying including prejudice-based bullying.
- To address these additional challenges, our school/college will always consider implementing extra pastoral support and attention for children with SEND. The DSL will work closely with the SENDcos (Jo Chessum, Louise Ashman, Amanda Spurrell, Heather Bruce) to plan support as required.

#### 5.2 Children requiring mental health support

- Goldwyn School has an important role to play in supporting the mental health and wellbeing of our students. Mental health problems can, in some cases, be an indicator that a child has suffered or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect or exploitation. Staff are aware of how children's experiences, for example where children have suffered abuse and neglect, or other potentially traumatic adverse child experiences, can impact on their mental health, behaviour and education.
- Staff are well placed to observe children day-to-day and identify those whose behaviour suggests that they may be experiencing a mental health problem or be at risk of developing one.

- If staff have a mental health concern about a child that is also a safeguarding concern, immediate action should be taken by speaking to the DSL or a deputy.
- Age/ability appropriate education will be provided to our students to help promote positive health, wellbeing, and resilience.

#### 5.3 Children Missing from Education (CME)

- Children missing from education, particularly persistently, can act as a vital warning sign to a range of
  safeguarding issues including neglect, sexual abuse, and child sexual and criminal exploitation particularly
  county lines. A robust response to children missing from education will support the identification of such abuse
  and may help prevent the risk of children going missing in the future.
- Where possible, the school will hold more than one emergency contact number for each student so we have additional options to make contact with a responsible adult if a child missing education is also identified as being a welfare and/or safeguarding concern.
- Where the school have concerns that a child is missing from education, we will respond in line with our statutory duties (DfE: <u>Children missing education</u>) and local policies. Local support is available via the <u>PRU</u>, Inclusion and Attendance Service (PIAS).

#### 5.4 Elective Home Education (EHE)

 Where a parent/carer expresses their intention to remove a child from school with a view to educating at home, we will respond in line with <u>national Elective Home Education guidance</u> and local <u>Kent guidance</u>. We will work together with parents/carers and other key professionals and organisations to ensure decisions are made in the best interest of the child.

#### 5.5 Children who need a social worker (child in need and child protection plans)

- The DSL will hold details of social workers working with children in the school so that decisions can be made in the best interests of the child's safety, welfare, and educational outcomes.
- Where children have a social worker, this will inform school decisions about their safety and promoting their welfare, for example, responding to unauthorised absence and provision of pastoral and/or academic support.

#### 5.6 Looked after children, previously looked after children and care leavers

- Goldwyn School recognises the common reason for children becoming looked after is as a result of abuse and/or neglect and a previously looked after child also potentially remains vulnerable.
- The school has appointed a 'designated teacher' at each site (Jo Chessum, Louise Ashman, Jon Bumpus, Heather Bruce) who works with local authorities, including the <u>Virtual School Kent</u> (including the <u>virtual school head</u>), to promote the educational achievement of registered pupils who are looked after or who have been previously looked after.
- The designated teacher will work with the DSL to ensure appropriate staff have the information they need in relation to a child's looked after legal status, contact arrangements with birth parents or those with parental

responsibility, care arrangements and the levels of authority delegated to the carer by the authority looking after them.

- Where a child is looked after, the DSL will hold details of the social worker and the name of the virtual school head in the authority that looks after the child.
- Where the school believe a child is being cared for as part of a private fostering arrangement (occurs when a child under 16 or 18 if the child is disabled is cared for and lives with an adult who is not a relative for 28 days or more) there is a duty to recognise these arrangements and inform the Local Authority via the Front Door.
- Where a child is leaving care, the DSL will hold details of the local authority Personal Advisor appointed to guide and support them and will liaise with them as necessary regarding any issues of concern.

#### 5.7 Children who are Lesbian, Gay, Bi, or Trans (LGBT)

- The fact that a child or a young person may be LGBT is not in itself an inherent risk factor for harm, however, Goldwyn School recognises that children who are LGBT or are perceived by other children to be LGBT (whether they are or not) can be targeted by other children or others within the wider community.
- Goldwyn School recognises risks can be compounded where children who are LGBT lack a trusted adult with
  whom they can be open. LGBT is included within our Relationship and Sex Education curriculum and our staff
  will endeavour to reduce the additional barriers faced and provide a safe space for children to speak out or
  share any concerns.

#### **6 Online Safety**

- It is essential that children are safeguarded from potentially harmful and inappropriate material or behaviours online. Goldwyn School will adopt a whole school approach to online safety which will empower, protect, and educate our students and staff in their use of technology, and establish mechanisms to identify, intervene in, and escalate any concerns where appropriate.
- Goldwyn School will ensure online safety is considered as a running and interrelated theme when devising and implementing our policies and procedures, and when planning our curriculum, staff training, the role and responsibilities of the DSL and parental engagement.
- Goldwyn School identifies that the breadth of issues classified within online safety is considerable, but can be categorised into four areas of risk:
  - Content: being exposed to illegal, inappropriate or harmful content. For example pornography, fake news, racism, misogyny, self-harm, suicide, anti-Semitism, radicalisation and extremism.
  - Contact: being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users. For example peer to peer
    pressure, commercial advertising and adults posing as children or young adults with the intention to
    groom or exploit them for sexual, criminal, financial or other purposes.
  - Conduct: personal online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm. For example, making, sending and receiving explicit images (including consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nudes and/or pornography), sharing other explicit images and online bullying.
  - o Commerce: risks such as online gambling, inappropriate advertising, phishing and or financial scams.
- Goldwyn School recognises that technology, and the risks and harms related to it, evolve and change rapidly. The school will carry out an annual review of our approaches to online safety, supported by an annual risk assessment, which considers and reflects the current risks our children face online.

The Principal will be informed of any online safety concerns by the DSL, as appropriate. The named governor
for safeguarding will report on online safety practice and incidents, including outcomes, on a regular basis to
the wider governing body.

#### **6.1 Policies and procedures**

- The DSL has overall responsibility for online safety within the school but will liaise with other members of staff, for example IT technicians and curriculum leads as necessary.
- The DSL will respond to online safety concerns in line with our child protection and other associated policies, including our Anti-bullying policy, Social Media policy and behaviour policies.
  - o Internal sanctions and/or support will be implemented as appropriate.
  - Where necessary, concerns will be escalated and reported to relevant partner agencies in line with local policies and procedures.
- Goldwyn School uses a wide range of technology. This includes: computers, laptops, tablets and other digital devices, the internet, our learning platform, intranet and email systems.
  - All school owned devices and systems will be used in accordance with our acceptable use policies and with appropriate safety and security measures in place.
- Goldwyn School recognises the specific risks that can be posed by mobile and smart technology, including
  mobile/smart phones, cameras and wearable technology. In accordance with KCSIE 2022 Goldwyn School has
  appropriate mobile and smart technology and image use policies in place, which are shared and understood by
  all members of the community. These policies can be found in the staffroom, on the staff intranet and on our
  website.

#### 6.2 Appropriate filtering and monitoring

- Goldwyn School will do all we reasonably can to limit children's exposure to online risks through school provided IT systems and will ensure that appropriate filtering and monitoring systems are in place.
  - o Goldwyn School uses Cantium's Smoothwall Web filtering system. Inappropriate activity is picked up via an email alert to the ICT Technician. The school's ICT Technician who works with Centre Leads and DSLs to investigate, record events and block inappropriate sites when and if they come to light.
  - o If students or staff discover unsuitable sites or material, they are required to: turn off the screen, report to the Centre Lead (DSL) who will inform the ICT Technician.
  - Our leadership team and relevant staff have an awareness and understanding of the filtering and monitoring provisions in place, manage them effectively and know how to escalate concerns when identified.
  - All users will be informed that use of our systems can be monitored, and that monitoring will be in line with data protection, human rights, and privacy legislation.
  - Filtering breaches or concerns identified through our monitoring approaches will be recorded and reported to the DSL who will respond as appropriate.
  - Any access to material believed to be illegal will be reported immediately to the relevant agencies, such as the Internet Watch Foundation and the police.
  - When implementing appropriate filtering and monitoring, Goldwyn School will ensure that "over blocking" does not lead to unreasonable restrictions as to what children can be taught with regards to online teaching and safeguarding.

- Whilst filtering and monitoring is an important part of our online safety responsibilities, it is only one part of Goldwyn School's approach to online safety.
  - Students will use appropriate search tools, apps and online resources as identified by staff, following an informed risk assessment.
  - Internet use will be supervised by staff as appropriate to students' age and ability.
  - Students will be directed to use age/ability appropriate online resources and tools by staff.

#### 6.3 Information security and access management

- [Name of School/College] is responsible for ensuring an appropriate level of security protection procedures are
  in place, in order to safeguard our systems as well as staff and students. Further information can be found in
  the Acceptable Use Policies.
- Goldwyn School will review the effectiveness of these procedures periodically to keep up with evolving cybercrime technologies.

#### 6.4 Remote/Online learning

#### Note: Specific guidance for DSLs and SLT regarding remote learning is available at

- DfE: <u>Safeguarding and remote education during coronavirus (COVID-19)</u>
- NSPCC: Undertaking remote teaching safely
- The Education People: <u>Remote Learning Guidance for SLT</u>
- Goldwyn School will ensure any remote sharing of information, communication and use of online learning tools and systems will be in line with privacy and data protection requirements and any local/national guidance.
- All communication with students and parents/carers will take place using school provided or approved communication channels; for example, school provided email accounts and phone numbers and agreed systems: Eduspot (Teacher 2 Parent) and Home Connect.
  - Any pre-existing relationships or situations which mean this cannot be complied with will be discussed with the DSL.
- Staff and students will engage with remote teaching and learning in line with existing behaviour principles as set out in our school SEMH/behaviour policy and Acceptable Use Policies.
- Staff and students will be encouraged to report issues experienced at home and concerns will be responded to in line with our child protection and other relevant policies.
- When delivering remote learning, staff will follow our Remote Learning Acceptable Use Policy (AUP)

#### 6.5 Staff training

Goldwyn School will ensure that all staff receive online safety training as part of induction and that ongoing
online safety training and update for all staff will be integrated, aligned and considered as part of our
overarching safeguarding approach. See section 7 for more information.

#### **6.6 Educating Students**

• Goldwyn School will ensure a comprehensive whole school/ curriculum response is in place to enable all students to learn about and manage online risks effectively as part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum. See section 9 for more information.

Note: DSLs and leaders may find it helpful to access UK Council for Internet Safety (UKCIS) <u>'Education for a Connected World Framework'</u> and DfE <u>Teaching online safety in school'</u> guidance.

#### 6.7 Working with parents/carers

- Goldwyn School will build a partnership approach to online safety and will support parents/carers to become
  aware and alert of the potential benefits and risks and to reinforce the importance of children being safe online
  by:
  - o providing information on our school website
  - o through existing communication channels,
  - o offering specific online safety training for parents/carers via the National Online Safety Portal
- Goldwyn School will ensure parents and carers understand what systems are used to filter and monitor their children's online use at school, what their children are being asked to do online, including the sites they will be asked to access and who from the school (if anyone) their child is going to be interacting with online. This is achieved by:
  - Relevant policies such as Acceptable Use and through existing communication channels.
- Where the School is made aware of any potentially harmful risks, challenges and/or hoaxes circulating online, national or locally, we will respond in line with the DfE '<u>Harmful online challenges and online hoaxes'</u> guidance to ensure we adopt a proportional and helpful response.

Note: Additional local advice and support is available for DSLs and SLT via the Education Safeguarding Service: 'Think before you scare'.

## 7 Staff Engagement and Expectations

#### 7.1 Staff awareness, induction and training

- All members of staff have been provided with a copy of part one or annex A of 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' 2022 which covers safeguarding information for staff.
  - School leaders, including the DSL will read KCSIE in its entirety.
  - o School leaders and all members of staff who work directly with children will read annex B.
  - All members of staff have signed to confirm that they have read and understood the national guidance shared with them. (This is recorded on the Single Central Record)
- All new staff and volunteers (including agency and third-party staff) receive safeguarding and child protection training (including online safety), including information to ensure they are aware of the school internal safeguarding processes, as part of their induction. This training is regularly updated and is in line with advice from the safeguarding partners.
- All governors and trustees receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection (including online safety)
  training at induction. This training equips them with the knowledge to provide strategic challenge to test and
  assure that our safeguarding policies and procedures are effective and support the delivery of a robust whole
  school approach to safeguarding. This training is updated annually.

- All staff members (including agency and third-party staff) will receive appropriate child protection training (including online safety) to ensure they are aware of a range of safeguarding issues. This training will be updated at least annually.
- Online safety training for staff will be integrated, aligned and considered as part of the whole school safeguarding approach and wider staff training and curriculum planning.
- In addition to specific child protection training, all staff will receive regular safeguarding and child protection updates, at least annually, to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard children effectively.
- Goldwyn School recognises the expertise staff build by undertaking safeguarding training and from managing safeguarding concerns on a daily basis and staff are encouraged to contribute to and shape school safeguarding arrangements and child protection policies, for example, via input from knowledgeable and experienced staff, inviting input at staff meetings.
- The DSL and Principal will provide an annual report to the governing body detailing safeguarding training undertaken by all staff and will maintain an up to date record of who has been trained.

#### 7.2 Safer working practice

- All members of staff are required to work within our clear guidelines on safer working practice as outlined in the school code of conduct.
- The DSL will ensure that all staff and volunteers (including agency and third-party staff) have read our child protection policy and are aware of the school expectations regarding safe and professional practice via the staff code of conduct and Acceptable Use Policy (AUP).
- Staff will be made aware of the school behaviour management and physical intervention policies. Staff will
  manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe educational environment and will have a clear
  understanding of the needs of all children. Any physical interventions and/or use of reasonable force will be in
  line with our agreed policy and procedures, and national guidance.
- All staff will be made aware of the professional risks associated with the use of social media and electronic communication (such as email, mobile phones, texting, social networking). Staff will adhere to relevant school/ policies including staff behaviour policy, mobile and smart technology, Acceptable Use Policies (AUPs), and social media.

#### 7.3 Supervision and support

- The induction process will include familiarisation with child protection responsibilities and procedures to be followed if members of staff have any concerns about a child's safety or welfare.
- The school will provide appropriate supervision and support for all members of staff to ensure that:
  - All staff are competent to carry out their responsibilities for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children
  - All staff are supported by the DSL in their safeguarding role.
  - o All members of staff have regular reviews of their own practice to ensure they improve over time.
- Any member of staff affected by issues arising from concerns for children's welfare or safety can seek support from the DSL.

• The DSL will also put staff in touch with outside agencies for professional support if they so wish. Staff can also approach organisations such as their Union, the Education Support Partnership or other similar organisations directly.

### 8 Safer Recruitment and Allegations Against Staff

#### 8.1 Safer recruitment and safeguarding checks

- Goldwyn School is committed to ensure that we develop a safe culture and that all steps are taken to recruit staff and volunteers who are safe to work with our students and staff.
  - Goldwyn School will follow relevant guidance in Keeping Children Safe in Education 2022 (Part Three, 'Safer Recruitment') and from The Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS)
  - The governing body and leadership team are responsible for ensuring that the school follows safe recruitment processes as outlined within guidance.
  - The governing body will ensure that at least one of the persons who conducts an interview has completed safer recruitment training.
- The school maintains an accurate Single Central Record (SCR) in line with statutory guidance.
- Goldwyn School are committed to supporting the statutory guidance from the Department for Education on the application of the Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations 2009 and related obligations under the Childcare Act 2006 in schools.
- We advise all staff to disclose any reason that may affect their suitability to work with children including convictions, cautions, court orders, reprimands, and warnings.
- Where the school/ places a student with an alternative provision provider, the school will continue to be responsible for the safeguarding of that child.
  - The school will undertake appropriate checks to ensure the provider meets the needs of the student, including written confirmation that appropriate safeguarding checks have been carried out on individuals working at the establishment.
- Where the school organises work experience placements, we will follow the advice and guidance as identified in Part three of KCSIE 2022.

# 8.2 Allegations/concerns raised in relation to staff, including supply teachers, volunteers and contractors

- Any concerns or allegations about staff will be recorded and dealt with appropriately in line with national (Part four of KCSIE 2022) and the <u>local Kent allegations arrangements</u>. In depth information can be found within our 'Managing Allegations against Staff' and/or staff code of conduct policy. This can be found on Sharepoint.
- Any concerns or allegations about staff will be recorded and dealt with appropriately in line with national (Part
  four of KCSIE) and local guidance. Ensuring concerns are dealt with effectively will protect those working in or
  on behalf of the school from potential false allegations or misunderstandings.

- Where the Principal is unsure how to respond, for example if the school is unsure if a concern meet the harm 'thresholds', advice will be sought via the <u>Local Authority Designated Officer</u> (LADO) Enquiry Line and/or the <u>Education Safeguarding Service</u>.
- In all cases where allegations are made against staff or low-level concerns are reported, once proceedings have been concluded, the Principal (and if they have been involved the LADO) will consider the facts and determine whether any lessons can be learned and if any improvements can be made.

#### 8.2.1 Concerns that meet the 'harm threshold'

- Goldwyn School recognises that it is possible for any member of staff, including volunteers, governors, contractors, agency and third-party staff (including supply teachers) and visitors to behave in a way that indicates a person would pose a risk of harm if they continue to work in their present position, or in any capacity with children in a school or college. This includes when someone has:
  - o behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child
  - o possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child
  - o behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she may pose a risk of harm to children
  - o behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children.
- Allegations against staff which meet this threshold will be responded to and managed in line with part four of
  KCSIE. Allegations that meet the harm threshold will be referred immediately to the Principal who will contact
  the <u>LADO</u> to agree further action to be taken in respect of the child and staff member. In the event of
  allegations of abuse being made against the Principal, staff are advised that allegations should be reported to
  the Chair of Governors who will contact the LADO

#### 8.2.2 Concerns that do not meet the 'harm threshold'

- Goldwyn School may also need to take action in response to 'low-level' concerns about staff.
   Additional information regarding low-level concerns is contained with our code of conduct this
   includes what a low-level concern is, the importance of sharing them and the confidential procedure
   to follow when sharing them.
- o Goldwyn School has an open and transparent culture in which all concerns about all adults working in or on behalf of the school are dealt with promptly and appropriately; this enables us to identify inappropriate, problematic or concerning behaviour early, minimise the risk of abuse and ensure that adults working in or on behalf of the school are clear about and act within appropriate professional boundaries, and in accordance with our ethos and values.
- A 'low-level' concern does not mean that it is insignificant; a low-level concern is any concern that an adult working in or on behalf of the school may have acted in a way that is inconsistent with our staff code of conduct, including inappropriate conduct outside of work and does not meet the 'harm threshold' or is otherwise not serious enough to consider a referral to the LADO.
- Low-level concerns may arise in several ways and from a number of sources. For example, suspicion, complaints, or allegations made by a child, parent or other adult within or outside of the organisation, or as a result of vetting checks.
- It is crucial that all low-level concerns are shared responsibly, recorded and dealt with appropriately to protect staff from becoming the subject of potential false low-level concerns or misunderstandings.
- Low-level concerns should be shared confidentially in line with our staff code of conduct to Kerry Greene, Principal, role.

- Where low-level concerns are reported to the school, the Principal will be informed of all low level concerns and is the ultimate decision maker in respect of the response to all low-level concerns.
- The Principal will share concerns and liaise with the LADO enquiries officer via the LADO Enquiry Line.
- Low-level concerns shared about supply staff and contractors will be shared with their employers so any potential patterns of inappropriate behaviour can be identified.
- o If the school is in any doubt as to whether the information which has been shared about a member of staff as a low-level concern in fact meets the harm threshold, we will consult with the LADO.
- Low-level concerns will be recorded in writing and reviewed so potential patterns of concerning, problematic or inappropriate behaviour can be identified.
  - Records will be kept confidential and will be held securely and retained and in compliance with the Data Protection Act 2018 and the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) and other relevant policies and procedures (for example data retention policies).
  - Where a pattern is identified, the school will implement appropriate action, for example consulting with <u>the LADO enquiry line</u> and following our disciplinary procedures.

#### 8.3 Safe Culture

- As part of our approach to safeguarding, the school has created and embedded a culture of openness, trust and transparency in which our values and expected behaviour as set out in our staff code of conduct are constantly lived, monitored and reinforced by all staff (including supply teachers, volunteers and contractors) and where all concerns are dealt with promptly and appropriately.
- Staff are encouraged and should feel confident to self-refer, if they have found themselves in a situation which
  could be misinterpreted, might appear compromising to others, and/or on reflection they believe they have
  behaved in such a way that they consider falls below the expected professional standards. This includes where
  concerns may be felt to be deliberately invented or malicious; such allegations are extremely rare and as such
  all concerns should be reported and recorded.
- All staff and volunteers should feel able to raise any concerns about poor or unsafe practice and potential
  failures in the school safeguarding regime. The leadership team at Goldwyn School will take all concerns or
  allegations received seriously.
- All members of staff are made aware of the school Whistleblowing procedure available on Sharepoint. It is a disciplinary offence not to report concerns about the conduct of a colleague that could place a child at risk.
- Staff can access the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline if they do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally. Staff can call 0800 028 0285 (8:00 AM to 8:00 PM Monday to Friday) or email help@nspcc.org.uk.
- Goldwyn School has a legal duty to refer to the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) anyone who has harmed,
  or poses a risk of harm, to a child, or if there is reason to believe the member of staff has committed one of a
  number of listed offences, and who has been removed from working (paid or unpaid) in regulated activity or
  would have been removed had they not left. The DBS will consider whether to bar the person.
  - If these circumstances arise in relation to a member of staff at our school, a referral will be made as soon as possible after the resignation or removal of the individual in accordance with advice from the LADO and/or Cantium HR.

# 9 Opportunities to Teach Safeguarding

- Goldwyn School will ensure that children are taught about safeguarding, including online safety, as part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum. This will include covering relevant issues through Relationships and Sex Education
- We recognise that school plays an essential role in helping children to understand and identify the parameters of what is appropriate child and adult behaviour, what is 'safe,' to recognise when they and others close to them are not safe, and how to seek advice and support when they are concerned. Our curriculum provides opportunities for increasing self-awareness, self-esteem, social and emotional understanding, assertiveness and decision making so that students have a range of age appropriate contacts and strategies to ensure their own protection and that of others.
- Goldwyn School recognises the crucial role we have to play in preventative education. Preventative education
  is most effective in the context of a whole-school approach which prepares students for life in modern Britain
  and creates a culture of zero tolerance for sexism, misogyny/misandry, homophobia, biphobic and sexual
  violence/harassment.
- Goldwyn School has a clear set of values and standards, upheld and demonstrated throughout all aspects of school life which are underpinned by our behaviour policy and pastoral support system, as well as by a planned programme of evidence-based RSHE delivered in regularly timetabled lessons and reinforced throughout the whole curriculum. Our programme is fully inclusive and developed to be age and stage of development appropriate.
- Goldwyn School recognise that a one size fits all approach will not be appropriate for all children, and a more
  personalised or contextualised approach, tailored to the specific needs and vulnerabilities of individual children
  might be needed, for example children who are victims of abuse and children with SEND.
- Our school systems support children to talk to a range of staff. All children will be listened to and heard, and their concerns will always be taken seriously and acted upon as appropriate.

## **10 Physical Safety**

#### 10.1 Use of 'reasonable force'

• There may be circumstances when it is appropriate for staff to use reasonable force in order to safeguard children from harm. Further information regarding our approach and expectations can be found in our behaviour policy is in line with the DfE 'Use of reasonable force in schools' guidance.

#### 10.2 The use of premises by other organisations

- Where services or activities are provided separately by another body using the school facilities/premises, the
  Principal and governing body will seek written assurance that the organisation concerned has appropriate
  policies and procedures in place regarding safeguarding children and child protection, and that relevant
  safeguarding checks have been made in respect of staff and volunteers. If this assurance is not achieved, an
  application to use premises will be refused.
- Safeguarding requirements will be included in any transfer of control agreement (such as a lease or hire agreement), as a condition of use and occupation of the premises. Failure to comply with this will lead to termination of the agreement.

#### 10.3 Site security

• All members of staff have a responsibility for maintaining awareness of buildings and grounds security and for reporting concerns that may come to light.

- Appropriate checks will be undertaken in respect of visitors and volunteers coming into school as outlined
  within national guidance. Visitors will be expected to sign in and out via the office visitors log and to display a
  visitor's badge whilst on site.
- Staff and visitors will be expected to adhere to any safety arrangements implemented in response to any Covid-19 restrictions.
- Any individual who is not known or identifiable on site should be challenged for clarification and reassurance.
- The school will not accept the behaviour of any individual (parent or other) that threatens school security or leads others (child or adult) to feel unsafe. Such behaviour will be treated as a serious concern and may result in a decision to refuse access for that individual to the school site.

#### 11. Local Contacts

All members of staff in Goldwyn School are made aware of local support available.

#### **Area Safeguarding Advisor (Education Safeguarding Service)**

As this changes regularly use link to access local details: <a href="www.kelsi.org.uk/support-for-children-and-young-people/child-protection-and-safeguarding/safeguarding-contacts">www.kelsi.org.uk/support-for-children-and-young-people/child-protection-and-safeguarding/safeguarding-contacts</a>

#### Online Safety in the Education Safeguarding Service

- 03000 415797
- <u>esafetyofficer@theeducationpeople.org</u> (non-urgent issues only)

#### **LADO**

Telephone: 03000 410888

Email: <u>kentchildrenslado@kent.gov.uk</u>

#### **Integrated Children's Services**

• Front door: 03000 411111

Out of Hours Number: 03000 419191

#### **Kent Police**

• 101 or 999 if there is an immediate risk of harm

#### Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership (KSCMP)

- kscmp@kent.gov.uk
- 03000 421126

#### **Adult Safeguarding**

 Adult Social Care via 03000 41 61 61 (text relay 18001 03000 41 61 61) or email social.services@kent.gov.uk

#### **Early Help**

- Ashford Early Help 03000 410305
- Folkestone Early Help 03000 411008
- Dover Early Help 03000 422998

services and www	v.kelsi.org.uk/spec	<u>ial-education-r</u>	needs/integrate	<u>ed-childrens-se</u>	rvices/early-h	elp-conta

# **Appendix 1: Categories of Abuse**

All staff should be aware that abuse, neglect, and safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events that can be covered by one definition or label. In most cases multiple issues will overlap with one another.

**Abuse:** a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. They may be abused by an adult or adults or another child or children. It should be noted that abuse can be carried out both on and offline and be perpetrated by men, women, and children.

**Sexual abuse:** involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing, and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse (including via the internet). Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children.

#### **Signs that MAY INDICATE Sexual Abuse**

- Sudden changes in behaviour and performance
- Displays of affection which are sexual and age inappropriate
- Self-harm, self-mutilation or attempts at suicide
- Alluding to secrets which they cannot reveal
- Tendency to cling or need constant reassurance
- Regression to younger behaviour for example thumb sucking, playing with discarded toys, acting like a baby
- Distrust of familiar adults, for example, anxiety of being left with relatives, a childminder or lodger
- Unexplained gifts or money
- Depression and withdrawal
- Fear of undressing for PE
- Sexually transmitted disease
- Fire setting

**Physical abuse**: a form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning, or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.

#### Signs that MAY INDICATE physical abuse

- Bruises and abrasions around the face
- Damage or injury around the mouth
- Bi-lateral injuries such as two bruised eyes
- Bruising to soft area of the face such as the cheeks
- Fingertip bruising to the front or back of torso
- Bite marks
- Burns or scalds (unusual patterns and spread of injuries)
- Deep contact burns such as cigarette burns
- Injuries suggesting beatings (strap marks, welts)
- Covering arms and legs even when hot
- Aggressive behaviour or severe temper outbursts.

• Injuries need to be accounted for. Inadequate, inconsistent, or excessively plausible explanations or a delay in seeking treatment should signal concern.

Emotional abuse: the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyberbullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, although it may occur alone.

#### Signs that MAY INDICATE emotional abuse

- Over reaction to mistakes
- Lack of self-confidence/esteem
- Sudden speech disorders
- Self-harming
- Eating Disorders
- Extremes of passivity and/or aggression
- Compulsive stealing
- Drug, alcohol, solvent abuse
- Fear of parents being contacted
- Unwillingness or inability to play
- Excessive need for approval, attention, and affection

**Neglect:** the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing, and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.

#### Signs that MAY INDICATE neglect.

- Constant hunger
- Poor personal hygiene
- Constant tiredness
- Inadequate clothing
- Frequent lateness or non-attendance
- Untreated medical problems
- Poor relationship with peers
- Compulsive stealing and scavenging
- Rocking, hair twisting and thumb sucking
- Running away
- Loss of weight or being constantly underweight
- Low self esteem

# **Appendix 2: Support Organisations**

#### **NSPCC 'Report Abuse in Education' Helpline**

0800 136 663 or help@nspcc.org.uk

#### **National Organisations**

- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk
- Barnardo's: www.barnardos.org.uk
- Action for Children: www.actionforchildren.org.uk
- Children's Society: <u>www.childrenssociety.org.uk</u>
- Centre of Expertise on Child Sexual Abuse: <u>www.csacentre.org.uk</u>

#### **Support for Staff**

- Education Support Partnership: www.educationsupportpartnership.org.uk
- Professional Online Safety Helpline: www.saferinternet.org.uk/helpline
- Harmful Sexual Behaviour Support Service: https://swgfl.org.uk/harmful-sexual-behaviour-support-service

#### Support for pupils/students

- ChildLine: <u>www.childline.org.uk</u>
- Papyrus: <u>www.papyrus-uk.org</u>
- The Mix: www.themix.org.uk
- Shout: www.giveusashout.org
- Fearless: www.fearless.org
- Victim Support: <u>www.victimsupport.org.uk</u>

#### **Support for Adults**

- Family Lives: <u>www.familylives.org.uk</u>
- Crime Stoppers: www.crimestoppers-uk.org
- Victim Support: www.victimsupport.org.uk
- The Samaritans: www.samaritans.org
- NAPAC (National Association for People Abused in Childhood): www.napac.org.uk
- MOSAC: www.mosac.org.uk
- Action Fraud: <u>www.actionfraud.police.uk</u>
- Shout: www.giveusashout.org
- Advice now: www.advicenow.org.uk

#### **Support for Learning Disabilities**

- Respond: www.respond.org.uk
- Mencap: <u>www.mencap.org.uk</u>
- Council for Disabled Children: https://councilfordisabledchildren.org.uk

#### **Contextual Safeguarding Network**

https://contextualsafeguarding.org.uk/

#### **Kent Resilience Hub**

https://kentresiliencehub.org.uk/

#### **Substance Misuse**

- We are with you (formerly Addaction): www.wearewithyou.org.uk/services/kent-for-young-people/
- Talk to Frank: www.talktofrank.com

#### **Domestic Abuse**

- Domestic abuse services: <u>www.domesticabuseservice</u>s.org.uk
- Refuge: <u>www.refuge.org.uk</u>
- Women's Aid: www.womensaid.org.uk
- Men's Advice Line: www.mensadviceline.org.uk
- Mankind: www.mankindcounselling.org.uk
- National Domestic Abuse Helpline: <u>www.nationaldahelpline.org.uk</u>
- Respect Phoneline: https://respectphoneline.org.uk

#### **Criminal and Sexual Exploitation**

- National Crime Agency: <u>www.nationalcrimeagency.gov.uk/who-we-are</u>
- It's not okay: www.itsnotokay.co.uk
- NWG Network: www.nwgnetwork.org
- County Lines Toolkit for Professionals: www.childrenssociety.org.uk/information/professionals/resources/county-lines-toolkit

#### **Honour Based Abuse**

- Karma Nirvana: <a href="https://karmanirvana.org.uk">https://karmanirvana.org.uk</a>
- Forced Marriage Unit: www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage
- FGM Factsheet:
  - https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/4964 15/6 1639 HO SP FGM mandatory reporting Fact\_sheet\_Web.pdf
- Mandatory reporting of female genital mutilation: procedural information: <u>www.gov.uk/government/publications/mandatory-reporting-of-female-genital-mutilation-procedural-information</u>
- The right to choose government guidance on forced marriage: www.gov.uk/government/publications/the-right-to-choose-government-guidance-on-forced-marriage

#### Child-on-Child abuse, including bullying, sexual violence and harassment

- Rape Crisis: https://rapecrisis.org.uk
- Brook: www.brook.org.uk
- Disrespect Nobody: www.disrespectnobody.co.uk
- Upskirting know your rights: <u>www.gov.uk/government</u>/news/upskirting-know-your-rights
- Lucy Faithfull Foundation: www.lucyfaithfull.org.uk
- Stop it Now! <u>www.stopitnow.org.uk</u>
- Parents Protect: www.parentsprotect.co.uk
- Anti-Bullying Alliance: <u>www.anti-bullyingalliance.org.uk</u>
- Diana Award: www.antibullyingpro.com/
- Bullying UK: <u>www.bullying.co.uk</u>
- Kidscape: www.kidscape.org.uk

#### **Online Safety**

- NCA-CEOP: www.ceop.police.uk and www.thinkuknow.co.uk
- Internet Watch Foundation (IWF): www.iwf.org.uk
- Childnet: www.childnet.com

- UK Safer Internet Centre: www.saferinternet.org.uk
- Report Harmful Content: <a href="https://reportharmfulcontent.com">https://reportharmfulcontent.com</a>
- Marie Collins Foundation: <u>www.mariecollinsfoundatio</u>n.org.uk
- Internet Matters: <u>www.internetmatters.org</u>
- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk/onlinesafety
- Get Safe Online: www.getsafeonline.org
- Parents Protect: <u>www.parentsprotect.co.uk</u>
- Cyber Choices: https://nationalcrimeagency.gov.uk/what-we-do/crime-threats/cyber-crime/cyberchoices
- National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC): www.ncsc.gov.uk

#### **Mental Health**

- Mind: www.mind.org.uk
- Moodspark: <a href="https://moodspark.org.uk">https://moodspark.org.uk</a>
- Young Minds: <a href="https://www.youngminds.org.uk">www.youngminds.org.uk</a>
- We are with you: www.wearewithyou.org.uk/services/kent-for-young-people/
- Anna Freud: www.annafreud.org/schools-and-colleges/

#### **Radicalisation and hate**

- Educate against Hate: <u>www.educateagainsthate.com</u>
- Counter Terrorism Internet Referral Unit: <a href="www.gov.uk/report-terrorism">www.gov.uk/report-terrorism</a>
- True Vision: <u>www.report-it.org.uk</u>

#### **Children with Family Members in Prison**

National information Centre on Children of Offenders (NICCO): https://www.nicco.org.uk/